1		AN	ACT	relating to technical corrections to various tax statutes and declaring an
2	eme	rgenc	y.	
3	Be i	t enac	eted by	y the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
4		<b>→</b> S	ection	1. KRS 131.183 is amended to read as follows:
5	(1)	(a)	Exc	ept for the addition to tax required when an underpayment of estimated
6			tax e	occurs under Section 9 of this Act and KRS 141.305, all taxes payable to
7			the	Commonwealth not paid at the time prescribed by statute shall accrue
8			inte	rest at the tax interest rate.
9		(b)	The	tax interest rate shall be equal to the adjusted prime rate charged by banks
10			roun	nded to the nearest full percent as adjusted by subsection (2) of this
11			secti	ion.
12		(c)	The	commissioner of revenue shall adjust the tax interest rate not later than
13			Nov	rember 15 of each year if the adjusted prime rate charged by banks during
14			Sept	tember of that year, rounded to the nearest full percent, is at least one (1)
15			perc	entage point more or less than the tax interest rate which is then in effect.
16			The	adjusted tax interest rate shall become effective on January 1 of the
17			imm	nediately succeeding year.
18	(2)	(a)	1.	All taxes payable to the Commonwealth that have not been paid at the
19				time prescribed by statute shall accrue interest at the tax interest rate as
20				determined in accordance with subsection (1) of this section until May 1,
21				2008.
22			2.	Beginning on May 1, 2008, all taxes payable to the Commonwealth that
23				have not been paid at the time prescribed by statute shall accrue interest
24				at the tax interest rate as determined in accordance with subsection (1) of
25				this section plus two percent (2%).
26		(b)	1.	Interest shall be allowed and paid upon any overpayment as defined in
27				KRS 134.580 in respect of any of the taxes provided for in Chapters

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1		131, 132, 134, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 143A, and 243 of
2		the Kentucky Revised Statutes and KRS 160.613 and 160.614 at the rate
3		provided in subsection (1) of this section until May 1, 2008.
4		2. Beginning on May 1, 2008, interest shall be allowed and paid upon any
5		overpayment as defined in KRS 134.580 at the rate provided in
6		subsection (1) of this section minus two percent (2%).
7		3. Effective for refunds issued after April 24, 2008, except for the
8		provisions of KRS 138.351, 141.044(2), 141.235(3), and subsection (3)
9		of this section, interest authorized under this subsection shall begin to
10		accrue sixty (60) days after the latest of:
11		a. The due date of the return;
12		b. The date the return was filed;
13		c. The date the tax was paid;
14		d. The last day prescribed by law for filing the return; or
15		e. The date an amended return claiming a refund is filed.
16		(c) In no case shall interest be paid in an amount less than five dollars (\$5).
17		(d) No refund shall be made of any estimated tax paid unless a return is filed as
18		required by KRS Chapter 141.
19	(3)	Effective for refund claims filed on or after July 15, 1992, if any overpayment of the
20		tax imposed under KRS Chapter 141 results from a carryback of a net operating loss
21		or a net capital loss, the overpayment shall be deemed to have been made on the
22		date the claim for refund was filed. Interest authorized under subsection (2) of this
23		section shall begin to accrue ninety (90) days from the date the claim for refund was
24		filed.
25	(4)	No interest shall be allowed or paid on any sales tax refund as provided by KRS
26		139.536.

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(5) For purposes of this section, any addition to tax provided in Section 9 of this Act

1	and KRS 141.305 shall be considered a penalty.
2	→ Section 2. KRS 131.250 is amended to read as follows:
3	(1) For the purpose of facilitating the administration of the taxes it administers, the
4	department may require any tax return, report, or statement to be electronically
5	filed.
6	(2)[ The following reports, returns, or statements shall be electronically filed:
7	(a) The return required by KRS 136.620;
8	(b) For tax periods beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the report required by
9	KRS 138.240;
10	(c) For tax periods beginning on or after August 1, 2010, the report required by
11	<del>KRS 138.260;</del>
12	(d) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the return filed by a
13	specified tax return preparer reporting the annual tax imposed by KRS
14	141.020, if the specified tax return preparer is required to electronically file
15	the return for federal income tax purposes;
16	(e) The annual withholding statement required by KRS 141.335, if the employer
17	issues more than twenty-five (25) statements annually;
18	(f) For tax periods beginning on or after July 1, 2005, the return required by KRS
19	<del>160.615; and</del>
20	(g) 1. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, the returns
21	required by KRS 141.201(3) or 141.206(1), provided that the
22	corporation or pass-through entity has gross receipts of one million
23	dollars (\$1,000,000) or more.
24	2. "Gross receipts" as used in this paragraph means gross receipts reported
25	by the corporation or pass-through entity on their federal income tax
26	return filed for the same taxable year as the return due under KRS
27	Chapter 141.

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1	<del>(3)]</del>	(a)	A person required to electronically file a return, report, or statement may
2			apply for a waiver from the requirement by submitting the request on a form
3			prescribed by the department.
4		(b)	The request shall indicate the lack of one (1) or more of the following:
5			1. Compatible computer hardware;
6			2. Internet access; or
7			3. Other technological capabilities determined relevant by the department.
8		<b>→</b> S	ection 3. KRS 133.225 is amended to read as follows:
9	<u>(1)</u>	The	department[of Revenue] shall provide the following information pertaining to
10		<u>prop</u>	perty taxes on a Web site that is accessible to the public:
11		<u>(a)</u>	An explanation of the process for assessing property values, which shall
12			include but not be limited to:
13			1. The duties and function of each state and local official involved in the
14			property assessment process;
15			2. The methods most commonly used to compute fair cash value;
16			3. The types of property exempt from taxation;
17			4. The types of property assessed at a lower value as required by Sections
18			170 and 172A of the Kentucky Constitution, including property with a
19			homestead exemption, agricultural property, and horticultural
20			property;
21			5. The property tax calendar;
22			6. How and when to report property to the Property Valuation
23			Administrator;
24			7. The process for examining real property for valuation purposes;
25			8. How and when a taxpayer is notified of the assessed value of property;
26			9. When and where the public can inspect the tax roll; and
27			10 The process for appealing the assessed values of real and personal

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1	property, including motor vehicles;
2	(b) An explanation of the process for setting the state tax rate and the county,
3	city, school, and special taxing district tax rates, including but not limited
4	<u>to:</u>
5	1. The duties and function of each state and local official involved in the
6	process for setting tax rates;
7	2. The definitions of compensating tax rate and net assessment growth;
8	3. The requirements set forth in KRS 68.245, 132.023, 132.027, and
9	<u>160.470; and</u>
10	4. The recall provisions set forth in KRS 132.017;
11	(c) An explanation of the process for property tax collection, including but not
12	<u>limited to:</u>
13	1. The duties and function of each state and local official involved in the
14	tax collection process;
15	2. How and when to remit payment of the tax;
16	3. The due date for the tax;
17	4. The early payment discount;
18	5. The penalties assessed on delinquent taxes; and
19	6. The delinquent tax collection process; and
20	(d) Direct links to the Web sites or guidance on how to access the Web sites of
21	the local offices, such as the property valuation administrator's office, the
22	county clerk's office, and the sheriff's office, that provide taxpayers
23	additional information on the property taxes within its jurisdiction.
24	(2) The Web site address that provides the information required by subsection (1) of
25	this section shall be included on every notice of assessment and property tax bill
26	sent to the taxpayer [draft, and the sheriff shall mail with the property tax bills
27	annually, an explanation of the provisions of Acts 1979 (Ex. Sess.) ch. 251.

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1		<b>→</b> S	ection 4. KRS 138.220 is amended to read as follows:
2	(1)	(a)	An excise tax at the rate of nine percent (9%) of the average wholesale price
3			rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one cent (\$0.001) shall be paid on all
4			gasoline and special fuel received in this state. The tax shall be paid on a per
5			gallon basis.
6		(b)	The average wholesale price shall be determined and adjusted as provided in
7			KRS 138.228.
8		(c)	For the purposes of the allocations in KRS 177.320(1) and (2) and 177.365,
9			the amount calculated under this subsection shall be reduced by the amount
10			calculated in subsection (3) of this section.
11		(d)	Except as provided by KRS Chapter 138, no other excise or license tax shall
12			be levied or assessed on gasoline or special fuel by the state or any political
13			subdivision of the state.
14		(e)	The tax herein imposed shall be paid by the dealer receiving the gasoline or
15			special fuel to the State Treasurer in the manner and within the time specified
16			in KRS 138.230 to 138.340 and all such tax may be added to the selling price
17			charged by the dealer or other person paying the tax on gasoline or special fuel
18			sold in this state.
19		(f)	Nothing herein contained shall authorize or require the collection of the tax
20			upon any gasoline or special fuel after it has been once taxed under the
21			provisions of this section, unless such tax was refunded or credited.
22	(2)	(a)	In addition to the excise tax provided in subsection (1) of this section, there is
23			hereby levied a supplemental highway user motor fuel tax to be paid in the
24			same manner and at the same time as the tax provided in subsection (1) of this
25			section.
26		(h)	The tax shall be:

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Five cents (\$0.05) per gallon on gasoline; and

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2.	Two cents	(\$0.02) per	gallon on	special fuel.
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- 2 (c) The supplemental highway user motor fuel tax provided by this subsection 3 and the provisions of subsections (1) and (3) of this section shall constitute the 4 tax on motor fuels imposed by KRS 138.220.
- Two and one-tenth cents (\$0.021), of the tax collected under subsection (1) of this section shall be excluded from the calculations in KRS 177.320(1) and (2) and 177.365. The funds identified in this subsection shall be deposited into the state road fund.
- 9 (4) Notification of the average wholesale price shall be given to all licensed dealers at least twenty (20) days in advance of <u>July 1</u>[the first day] of each calendar year[quarter].
- 12 (5) Dealers with a tax-paid gasoline or special fuel inventory at the time an average 13 wholesale price becomes effective, shall be subject to additional tax or appropriate 14 tax credit to reflect the increase or decrease in the average wholesale price for the 15 new quarter. The department shall promulgate administrative regulations to 16 properly administer this provision.
- → Section 5. KRS 138.450 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 As used in KRS 138.455 to 138.470, unless the context requires otherwise:
- 19 (1) "Current model year" means a motor vehicle of either the model year corresponding 20 to the current calendar year or of the succeeding calendar year, if the same model 21 and make is being offered for sale by local dealers;
- 22 (2) "Dealer" means "motor vehicle dealer" as defined in KRS 190.010;
- 23 (3) "Dealer demonstrator" means a new motor vehicle or a previous model year motor 24 vehicle with an odometer reading of least one thousand (1,000) miles that has been 25 used either by representatives of the manufacturer or by a licensed Kentucky dealer, 26 franchised to sell the particular model and make, for demonstration;
- 27 (4) "Historic motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle registered and licensed pursuant to

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1	<b>KRS</b>	186	043:

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- 2 (5) "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle that is propelled by other than muscular power 3 and that is used for transportation of persons or property over the public highways 4 of the state, except road rollers, mopeds, vehicles that travel exclusively on rails, 5 and vehicles propelled by electric power obtained from overhead wires;
- 6 (6) "Moped" means either a motorized bicycle whose frame design may include one (1)
  7 or more horizontal crossbars supporting a fuel tank so long as it also has pedals, or a
  8 motorized bicycle with a step through type frame which may or may not have pedals
  9 rated no more than two (2) brake horsepower, a cylinder capacity not exceeding
  10 fifty (50) cubic centimeters, an automatic transmission not requiring clutching or
  11 shifting by the operator after the drive system is engaged, and capable of a
- 13 (7) "New motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle of the current model year which has 14 not previously been registered in any state or country;

maximum speed of not more than thirty (30) miles per hour;

- 15 (8) "Previous model year motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle not previously
  16 registered in any state or country which is neither of the current model year nor a
  17 dealer demonstrator;
- 18 (9) "Total consideration given" means the amount given, valued in money, whether 19 received in money or otherwise, at the time of purchase or at a later date, including 20 consideration given for all equipment and accessories, standard and optional. "Total 21 consideration given" shall not include:
  - (a) Any amount allowed as a manufacturer or dealer rebate if the rebate is provided at the time of purchase and is applied to the purchase of the motor vehicle;
- 25 (b) Any interest payments to be made over the life of a loan for the purchase of a motor vehicle; and
- 27 (c) The value of any items that are not equipment or accessories including but not

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1			limited to extended warranties, service contracts, and items that are given
2			away as part of a promotional sales campaign;
3	(10)	"Tra	de-in allowance" means:
4		(a)	The value assigned by the seller of a motor vehicle to a motor vehicle
5			registered to the purchaser and offered in trade by the purchaser as part of the
6			total consideration given by the purchaser and included in the notarized
7			affidavit attesting to total consideration given; or
8		(b)	In the absence of a notarized affidavit, the value of the vehicle being offered
9			in trade as established by the department through the use of the reference
10			manual;
11	(11)	"Use	ed motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle which has been previously registered
12		in ar	ny state or country;
13	(12)	"Ret	ail price" for:
14		(a)	New motor vehicles;
15		(b)	Dealer demonstrator vehicles;
16		(c)	Previous model year motor vehicles; and
17		(d)	U-Drive-It motor vehicles that have been transferred within one hundred
18			eighty (180) days of being registered as a U-Drive-It and that have less than
19			five thousand (5,000) miles;
20		mea	ns the total consideration given, as determined in KRS <u>138.4603</u> [138.4602];
21	(13)	"Ret	ail price" for historic motor vehicles shall be one hundred dollars (\$100);
22	(14)	"Ret	ail price" for used motor vehicles being titled or registered by a new resident
23		for t	he first time in Kentucky whose values appear in the reference manual means
24		the t	rade-in value given in the reference manual;
25	(15)	"Ret	ail price" for older used motor vehicles being titled or registered by a new
26		resid	lent for the first time in Kentucky whose values no longer appear in the
27		refer	rence manual shall be one hundred dollars (\$100);

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(16) (a) "Retail price"	for:
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1. Used motor vehicles, except those vehicles for which the retail price is established in subsection (13), (14), (15), (17), or (19) of this section; and

2. U-Drive-It motor vehicles that are not transferred within one hundred eighty (180) days of being registered as a U-Drive-It or that have more than five thousand (5,000) miles;

means the total consideration given, excluding any amount allowed as a trade-in allowance by the seller, as attested to in a notarized affidavit, provided that the retail price established by the notarized affidavit shall not be less than fifty percent (50%) of the difference between the trade-in value, as established by the reference manual, of the motor vehicle offered for registration and the trade-in value, as established by the reference manual, of any motor vehicle offered in trade as part of the total consideration given.

- (b) The trade-in allowance shall also be disclosed in the notarized affidavit.
- 16 (c) If a notarized affidavit is not available, "retail price" shall be established by
  17 the department through the use of the reference manual;
- 18 (17) Except as provided in KRS 138.470(6), if a motor vehicle is received by an individual as a gift and not purchased or leased by the individual, "retail price" shall be the trade-in value given in the reference manual;
  - (18) If a dealer transfers a motor vehicle which he has registered as a loaner or rental motor vehicle within one hundred eighty (180) days of the registration, and if less than five thousand (5,000) miles have been placed on the vehicle during the period of its registration as a loaner or rental motor vehicle, then the "retail price" of the vehicle shall be the same as the retail price determined by paragraph (a) of subsection (12) of this section computed as of the date on which the vehicle is transferred;

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1 (19) "Retail price" for motor vehicles titled pursuant to KRS 186A.520, 186A.525,

- 2 186A.530, or 186A.555 means the total consideration given as attested to in a
- 3 notarized affidavit;
- 4 (20) "Loaner or rental motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle owned or registered by a
- 5 dealer and which is regularly loaned or rented to customers of the service or repair
- 6 component of the dealership;
- 7 (21) "Department" means the Department of Revenue;
- 8 (22) "Notarized affidavit" means a dated affidavit signed by the buyer and the seller on
- 9 which the signature of the buyer and the signature of the seller are individually
- 10 notarized; and
- 11 (23) "Reference manual" means the automotive reference manual prescribed by the
- department.
- → Section 6. KRS 139.260 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 For the purpose of the proper administration of this chapter and to prevent evasion of the
- duty to collect the taxes imposed by KRS 139.200 and 139.310, it shall be presumed that
- all gross receipts and all tangible personal property, digital property, and services sold by
- any person for delivery or access in this state are subject to the tax until the contrary is
- 18 established. The burden of proving the contrary is upon the person who makes the sale of:
- 19 (1) Tangible personal property or digital property unless the person takes from the
- 20 purchaser a certificate to the effect that the property is either:
- 21 (a) Purchased for resale according to the provisions of KRS 139.270;
- 22 (b) Purchased through a fully completed certificate of exemption or fully
- 23 completed Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement Certificate of
- Exemption in accordance with KRS 139.270; or
- 25 (c) Purchased according to administrative regulations promulgated by the
- department governing a direct pay authorization;
- 27 (2) A service included in KRS 139.200(2)(a) to (f) unless the person takes from the

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1		purc	haser a certificate to the effect that the service is purchased through a fully			
2		com	pleted certificate of exemption or fully completed Streamlined Sales and Use			
3		Tax Agreement Certificate of Exemption in accordance with KRS 139.270; and				
4	(3)	A se	ervice included in KRS 139.200(2)(g) to (q) unless the person takes from the			
5		purc	haser a certificate to the effect that the <u>service</u> [property] is:			
6		(a)	Purchased for resale according to KRS 139.270;			
7		(b)	Purchased through a fully completed certificate of exemption or fully			
8			completed Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement Certificate of			
9			Exemption in accordance with KRS 139.270; or			
10		(c)	Purchased according to administrative regulations promulgated by the			
11			department governing a direct pay authorization.			
12		<b>→</b> S	ection 7. KRS 141.039 is amended to read as follows:			
13	For	taxabl	e years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, in the case of corporations:			
14	(1)	Gros	ss income shall be calculated by adjusting federal gross income as defined in			
15		Sect	ion 61 of the Internal Revenue Code as follows:			
16		(a)	Exclude income that is exempt from state taxation by the Kentucky			
17			Constitution and the Constitution and statutory laws of the United States;			
18		(b)	Exclude all dividend income;			
19		(c)	Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political			
20			subdivisions thereof;			
21		(d)	Exclude fifty percent (50%) of gross income derived from any disposal of coal			
22			covered by Section 631(c) of the Internal Revenue Code if the corporation			
23			does not claim any deduction for percentage depletion, or for expenditures			
24			attributable to the making and administering of the contract under which such			
25			disposition occurs or to the preservation of the economic interests retained			
26			under such contract;			

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27

(e)[ Include in the gross income of lessors income tax payments made by lessees

1			to le	essors, under the provisions of Section 110 of the Internal Revenue Code,
2			and	exclude such payments from the gross income of lessees;
3		<del>(f)]</del>	Incl	ude the amount calculated under KRS 141.205;
4		<u>(f)</u> [(	<del>g)]</del>	Ignore the provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code in
5			com	aputing gross income;
6		<u>(g)</u> [(	<del>(h)]</del>	Include the amount of deprecation deduction calculated under 26 U.S.C.
7			sec.	167 or 168; and
8	(2)	Net	incon	ne shall be calculated by subtracting from gross income:
9		(a)	The	deduction for depreciation allowed by KRS 141.0101;
10		(b)	Any	amount paid for vouchers or similar instruments that provide health
11			insu	rance coverage to employees or their families;
12		(c)	All	the deductions from gross income allowed corporations by Chapter 1 of
13			the 1	Internal Revenue Code, as modified by KRS 141.0101, except:
14			1.	Any deduction for a state tax which is computed, in whole or in part, by
15				reference to gross or net income and which is paid or accrued to any
16				state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth
17				of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, or to any
18				foreign country or political subdivision thereof;
19			2.	The deductions contained in Sections 243, [ 244,] 245, and 247 of the
20				Internal Revenue Code;
21			3.	The provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be
22				ignored in computing net income;
23			4.	Any deduction directly or indirectly allocable to income which is either
24				exempt from taxation or otherwise not taxed under the provisions of this
25				chapter, and nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the
26				same item to be deducted more than once;
27			5.	Any deduction for amounts paid to any club, organization, or

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1			establishment which has been determined by the courts or an agency
2			established by the General Assembly and charged with enforcing the
3			civil rights laws of the Commonwealth, not to afford full and equal
4			membership and full and equal enjoyment of its goods, services,
5			facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations to any person
6			because of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex, except nothing
7			shall be construed to deny a deduction for amounts paid to any religious
8			or denominational club, group, or establishment or any organization
9			operated solely for charitable or educational purposes which restricts
10			membership to persons of the same religion or denomination in order to
11			promote the religious principles for which it is established and
12			maintained;
13		6.	Any deduction prohibited by KRS 141.205; and
14		7.	Any dividends-paid deduction of any captive real estate investment trust;
15			and
16	(d)	1.	A deferred tax deduction in an amount computed in accordance with this
17			paragraph.
18		2.	For purposes of this paragraph:
19			a. "Net deferred tax asset" means that deferred tax assets exceed the
20			deferred tax liabilities of the combined group, as computed in
21			accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the
22			United States of America; and
23			b. "Net deferred tax liability" means deferred tax liabilities that
24			exceed the deferred tax assets of a combined group as defined in
25			KRS 141.202, as computed in accordance with accounting

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principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Only publicly traded companies, including affiliated corporations

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1		participating in the filing of a publicly traded company's financial
2		statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally
3		accepted in the United States of America, as of January 1, 2019, shall be
4		eligible for this deduction.
5	4.	If the provisions of KRS 141.202 result in an aggregate increase to the
5		member's net deferred tax liability, an aggregate decrease to the
7		member's net deferred tax asset, or an aggregate change from a net

5. For ten (10) years beginning with the combined group's first taxable year

shall be entitled to a deduction, as determined in this paragraph.

beginning on or after January 1, 2024, a combined group shall be

entitled to a deduction from the combined group's entire net income

deferred tax asset to a net deferred tax liability, the combined group

equal to one-tenth (1/10) of the amount necessary to offset the increase

in the net deferred tax liability, decrease in the net deferred tax asset, or

aggregate change from a net deferred tax asset to a net deferred tax

liability. The increase in the net deferred tax liability, decrease in the net

deferred tax asset, or the aggregate change from a net deferred tax asset

to a net deferred tax liability shall be computed based on the change that

would result from the imposition of the combined reporting requirement

under KRS 141.202, but for the deduction provided under this paragraph

as of June 27, 2019.

6. The deferred tax impact determined in subparagraph 5. of this paragraph shall be converted to the annual deferred tax deduction amount, as follows:

a. The deferred tax impact determined in subparagraph 5. of this paragraph shall be divided by the tax rate determined under KRS 141.040;

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1		b. The resulting amount shall be further divided by the apportionment
2		factor determined by KRS 141.120 or 141.121 that was used by the
3		combined group in the calculation of the deferred tax assets and
4		deferred tax liabilities as described in subparagraph 5. of this
5		paragraph; and
6		c. The resulting amount represents the total net deferred tax
7		deduction available over the ten (10) year period as described in
8		subparagraph 5. of this paragraph.
9	7.	The deduction calculated under this paragraph shall not be adjusted as a
10		result of any events happening subsequent to the calculation, including
11		but not limited to any disposition or abandonment of assets. The
12		deduction shall be calculated without regard to the federal tax effect and
13		shall not alter the tax basis of any asset. If the deduction under this
14		section is greater than the combined group's entire Kentucky net income,
15		any excess deduction shall be carried forward and applied as a deduction
16		to the combined group's entire net income in future taxable years until
17		fully utilized.
18	8.	Any combined group intending to claim a deduction under this
19		paragraph shall file a statement with the department on or before July 1,
20		2019. The statement shall specify the total amount of the deduction
21		which the combined group claims on the form, including calculations
22		and other information supporting the total amounts of the deduction as
23		required by the department. No deduction shall be allowed under this
24		paragraph for any taxable year, except to the extent claimed on the
25		timely filed statement in accordance with this paragraph.

→ Section 8. KRS 141.0401 is amended to read as follows:

(1) As used in this section:

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1	(a)	"Kentucky gross receipts" means an amount equal to the computation of the
2		numerator of the apportionment fraction under KRS 141.120, any
3		administrative regulations related to the computation of the sales factor, and
4		KRS 141.121 and includes the proportionate share of Kentucky gross receipts
5		of all wholly or partially owned limited liability pass-through entities,
6		including all layers of a multi-layered pass-through structure;
7	(b)	"Gross receipts from all sources" means an amount equal to the computation
8		of the denominator of the apportionment fraction under KRS 141.120, any
9		administrative regulations related to the computation of the sales factor, and
10		KRS 141.121 and includes the proportionate share of gross receipts from all
11		sources of all wholly or partially owned limited liability pass-through entities,
12		including all layers of a multi-layered pass-through structure;
13	(c)	"Affiliated [Combined] group" has the same meaning as [means all members
14		of an affiliated group as defined] in Section 11 of this Act[KRS 141.200(9)(b)
15		and all limited liability pass through entities that would be included in an
16		affiliated group if organized as a corporation];
17	(d)	"Cost of goods sold" means:
18		1. Amounts that are:
19		a. Allowable as cost of goods sold pursuant to the Internal Revenue
20		Code and any guidelines issued by the Internal Revenue Service
21		relating to cost of goods sold, unless modified by this paragraph;
22		and
23		b. Incurred in acquiring or producing the tangible product generating
24		the Kentucky gross receipts.
25		2. For manufacturing, producing, reselling, retailing, or wholesaling
26		activities, cost of goods sold shall only include costs directly incurred in
27		acquiring or producing the tangible product. In determining cost of

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1			goods sold:
2			a. Labor costs shall be limited to direct labor costs as defined in
3			paragraph (f) of this subsection;
4			b. Bulk delivery costs as defined in paragraph (g) of this subsection
5			may be included; and
6			c. Costs allowable under Section 263A of the Internal Revenue Code
7			may be included only to the extent the costs are incurred in
8			acquiring or producing the tangible product generating the
9			Kentucky gross receipts. Notwithstanding the foregoing, indirect
10			labor costs allowable under Section 263A shall not be included;
11		3.	For any activity other than manufacturing, producing, reselling, retailing,
12			or wholesaling, no costs shall be included in cost of goods sold.
13		As ı	used in this paragraph, "guidelines issued by the Internal Revenue Service"
14		incl	udes regulations, private letter rulings, or any other guidance issued by the
15		Inte	rnal Revenue Service that may be relied upon by taxpayers under reliance
16		stan	dards established by the Internal Revenue Service;
17	(e)	1.	"Kentucky gross profits" means Kentucky gross receipts reduced by
18			returns and allowances attributable to Kentucky gross receipts, less the
19			cost of goods sold attributable to Kentucky gross receipts. If the amount
20			of returns and allowances attributable to Kentucky gross receipts and the
21			cost of goods sold attributable to Kentucky gross receipts is zero, then
22			"Kentucky gross profits" means Kentucky gross receipts; and
23		2.	"Gross profits from all sources" means gross receipts from all sources
24			reduced by returns and allowances attributable to gross receipts from all
25			sources, less the cost of goods sold attributable to gross receipts from all
26			sources. If the amount of returns and allowances attributable to gross
27			receipts from all sources and the cost of goods sold attributable to gross

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1			receipts from all sources is zero, then gross profits from all sources
2			means gross receipts from all sources;
3		(f)	"Direct labor" means labor that is incorporated into the tangible product sold
4			or is an integral part of the manufacturing process;
5		(g)	"Bulk delivery costs" means the cost of delivering the product to the consumer
6			if:
7			1. The tangible product is delivered in bulk and requires specialized
8			equipment that generally precludes commercial shipping; and
9			2. The tangible product is taxable under KRS 138.220;
10		(h)	"Manufacturing" and "producing" means:
11			1. Manufacturing, producing, constructing, or assembling components to
12			produce a significantly different or enhanced end tangible product;
13			2. Mining or severing natural resources from the earth; or
14			3. Growing or raising agricultural or horticultural products or animals;
15		(i)	"Real property" means land and anything growing on, attached to, or erected
16			on it, excluding anything that may be severed without injury to the land;
17		(j)	"Reselling," "retailing," and "wholesaling" mean the sale of a tangible
18			product;
19		(k)	"Tangible personal property" means property, other than real property, that has
20			physical form and characteristics; and
21		(1)	"Tangible product" means real property and tangible personal property;
22	(2)	(a)	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, an annual limited
23			liability entity tax shall be paid by every corporation and every limited liability
24			pass-through entity doing business in Kentucky on all Kentucky gross receipts
25			or Kentucky gross profits except as provided in this subsection. A small
26			business exclusion from this tax shall be provided based on the reduction
27			contained in this subsection. The tax shall be the greater of the amount

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1		computed	under paragraph (b) of this subsection or one hundred seventy-five
2		dollars (\$	175), regardless of the application of any tax credits provided under
3		this chapt	er or any other provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statutes for
4		which the	business entity may qualify.
5	(b)	The limite	ed liability entity tax shall be the lesser of subparagraph 1. or 2. of
6		this parag	raph:
7		1. a.	If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross
8			receipts from all sources are three million dollars (\$3,000,000) or
9			less, the limited liability entity tax shall be one hundred seventy-
10			five dollars (\$175);
11		b.	If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross
12			receipts from all sources are greater than three million dollars
13			(\$3,000,000) but less than six million dollars (\$6,000,000), the
14			limited liability entity tax shall be nine and one-half cents (\$0.095)
15			per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's or limited
16			liability pass-through entity's Kentucky gross receipts reduced by
17			an amount equal to two thousand eight hundred fifty dollars
18			(\$2,850) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is six
19			million dollars (\$6,000,000) less the amount of the corporation's or
20			limited liability pass-through entity's Kentucky gross receipts for
21			the taxable year, and the denominator of which is three million
22			dollars (\$3,000,000), but in no case shall the result be less than one
23			hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175);
24		c.	If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross
25			receipts from all sources are equal to or greater than six million

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dollars (\$6,000,000), the limited liability entity tax shall be nine

and one-half cents (\$0.095) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the

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1		corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's Kentucky
2		gross receipts.
3	2. a.	If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross
4		profits from all sources are three million dollars (\$3,000,000) or
5		less, the limited liability entity tax shall be one hundred seventy-
6		five dollars (\$175);
7	b.	If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross
8		profits from all sources are at least three million dollars
9		(\$3,000,000) but less than six million dollars (\$6,000,000), the
10		limited liability entity tax shall be seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per
11		one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's or limited liability
12		pass-through entity's Kentucky gross profits, reduced by an amount
13		equal to twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars (\$22,500)
14		multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is six million
15		dollars (\$6,000,000) less the amount of the corporation's or limited
16		liability pass-through entity's Kentucky gross profits, and the
17		denominator of which is three million dollars (\$3,000,000), but in
18		no case shall the result be less than one hundred seventy-five
19		dollars (\$175);
20	c.	If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross
21		profits from all sources are equal to or greater than six million
22		dollars (\$6,000,000), the limited liability entity tax shall be
23		seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of all of
24		the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's Kentucky
25		gross profits.
26	In detern	nining eligibility for the reductions contained in this paragraph, a
27	member	of <u>an affiliated</u> [a combined] group shall consider the

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total[combined] gross receipts and the total[combined] gross profits from all sources of the entire *affiliated* [combined] group, including eliminating entries for transactions among the group.

- (c) A credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed under paragraph (a) of this subsection for the current year to a corporation or limited liability passthrough entity that owns an interest in a limited liability pass-through entity. The credit shall be the proportionate share of tax calculated under this subsection by the lower-level pass-through entity, as determined after the amount of tax calculated by the pass-through entity has been reduced by the minimum tax of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175). The credit shall apply across multiple layers of a multi-layered pass-through entity structure. The credit at each layer shall include the credit from each lower layer, after reduction for the minimum tax of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175) at each layer.
- The department may promulgate administrative regulations to establish a method for calculating the cost of goods sold attributable to Kentucky.
- A nonrefundable credit based on the tax calculated under subsection (2) of this (3) section shall be allowed against the tax imposed by KRS 141.020 or 141.040. The credit amount shall be determined as follows:
  - The credit allowed a corporation subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 (a) shall be equal to the amount of tax calculated under subsection (2) of this section for the current year after subtraction of any credits identified in KRS 141.0205, reduced by the minimum tax of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175), plus any credit determined in paragraph (b) of this subsection for tax paid by wholly or partially owned limited liability pass-through entities. The amount of credit allowed to a corporation based on the amount of tax paid under subsection (2) of this section for the current year shall be applied to the

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income tax due from the corporation's activities in this state. Any remaining credit from the corporation shall be disallowed.

- (b) The credit allowed members, shareholders, or partners of a limited liability pass-through entity shall be the members', shareholders', or partners' proportionate share of the tax calculated under subsection (2) of this section for the current year after subtraction of any credits identified in KRS 141.0205, as determined after the amount of tax paid has been reduced by the minimum tax of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175). The credit allowed to members, shareholders, or partners of a limited liability pass-through entity shall be applied to income tax assessed on income from the limited liability pass-through entity. Any remaining credit from the limited liability pass-through entity shall be disallowed.
- 13 (4) Each taxpayer subject to the tax imposed in this section shall file a return, on forms
  14 prepared by the department, on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month
  15 following the close of the taxpayer's taxable year. Any tax remaining due after
  16 making the payments required in KRS 141.044 shall be paid by the original due
  17 date of the return.
- 18 (5) The department shall prescribe forms and promulgate administrative regulations as 19 needed to administer the provisions of this section.
- 20 (6) The tax imposed by subsection (2) of this section shall not apply to:
- 21 (a) For taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2021:
- 1. Financial institutions, as defined in KRS 136.500, except banker's banks organized under KRS 287.135 or 286.3-135;
- 2. Savings and loan associations organized under the laws of this state and under the laws of the United States and making loans to members only;
- 3. Banks for cooperatives;

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27 4. Production credit associations;

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1	5.	Insurance companies, including farmers' or other mutual hail, cyclone,
2		windstorm, or fire insurance companies, insurers, and reciprocal
3		underwriters;
4	6.	Corporations or other entities exempt under Section 501 of the Internal
5		Revenue Code;
6	7.	Religious, educational, charitable, or like corporations not organized or
7		conducted for pecuniary profit;
8	8.	Corporations whose only owned or leased property located in this state
9		is located at the premises of a printer with which it has contracted for
10		printing, provided that:
11		a. The property consists of the final printed product, or copy from
12		which the printed product is produced; and
13		b. The corporation has no individuals receiving compensation in this
14		state as provided in KRS 141.901;
15	9.	Public service corporations subject to tax under KRS 136.120;
16	10.	Open-end registered investment companies organized under the laws of
17		this state and registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940;
18	11.	Any property or facility which has been certified as a fluidized bed
19		energy production facility as defined in KRS 211.390;
20	12.	An alcohol production facility as defined in KRS 247.910;
21	13.	Real estate investment trusts as defined in Section 856 of the Internal
22		Revenue Code;
23	14.	Regulated investment companies as defined in Section 851 of the
24		Internal Revenue Code;
25	15.	Real estate mortgage investment conduits as defined in Section 860D of
26		the Internal Revenue Code;

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16. Personal service corporations as defined in Section 269A(b)(1) of the

1			Internal Revenue Code;
2		17.	Cooperatives described in Sections 521 and 1381 of the Internal
3			Revenue Code, including farmers' agricultural and other cooperatives
4			organized or recognized under KRS Chapter 272, advertising
5			cooperatives, purchasing cooperatives, homeowners associations
6			including those described in Section 528 of the Internal Revenue Code,
7			political organizations as defined in Section 527 of the Internal Revenue
8			Code, and rural electric and rural telephone cooperatives; or
9		18.	Publicly traded partnerships as defined by Section 7704(b) of the
10			Internal Revenue Code that are treated as partnerships for federal tax
11			purposes under Section 7704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, or their
12			publicly traded partnership affiliates. "Publicly traded partnership
13			affiliates" shall include any limited liability company or limited
14			partnership for which at least eighty percent (80%) of the limited
15			liability company member interests or limited partner interests are
16			owned directly or indirectly by the publicly traded partnership; and
17	(b)	For t	eaxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021:
18		1.	Insurance companies, including farmers' or other mutual hail, cyclone,
19			windstorm, or fire insurance companies, insurers, and reciprocal
20			underwriters;
21		2.	Corporations or other entities exempt under Section 501 of the Internal
22			Revenue Code;
23		3.	Religious, educational, charitable, or like corporations not organized or
24			conducted for pecuniary profit;
25		4.	Corporations whose only owned or leased property located in this state
26			is located at the premises of a printer with which it has contracted for
27			printing, provided that:

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1		a. The property consists of the final printed product, or copy from
2		which the printed product is produced; and
3		b. The corporation has no individuals receiving compensation in this
4		state as provided in KRS 141.901;
5	5.	Public service corporations subject to tax under KRS 136.120;
6	6.	Open-end registered investment companies organized under the laws of
7		this state and registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940;
8	7.	Any property or facility which has been certified as a fluidized bed
9		energy production facility as defined in KRS 211.390;
10	8.	An alcohol production facility as defined in KRS 247.910;
11	9.	Real estate investment trusts as defined in Section 856 of the Internal
12		Revenue Code;
13	10.	Regulated investment companies as defined in Section 851 of the
14		Internal Revenue Code;
15	11.	Real estate mortgage investment conduits as defined in Section 860D of
16		the Internal Revenue Code;
17	12.	Personal service corporations as defined in Section 269A(b)(1) of the
18		Internal Revenue Code;
19	13.	Cooperatives described in Sections 521 and 1381 of the Internal
20		Revenue Code, including farmers' agricultural and other cooperatives
21		organized or recognized under KRS Chapter 272, advertising
22		cooperatives, purchasing cooperatives, homeowners associations
23		including those described in Section 528 of the Internal Revenue Code,
24		political organizations as defined in Section 527 of the Internal Revenue
25		Code, and rural electric and rural telephone cooperatives; or
26	14.	Publicly traded partnerships as defined by Section 7704(b) of the
27		Internal Revenue Code that are treated as partnerships for federal tax

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purposes under Section 7704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, or their
publicly traded partnership affiliates. "Publicly traded partnership
affiliates" shall include any limited liability company or limited
partnership for which at least eighty percent (80%) of the limited
liability company member interests or limited partner interests are
owned directly or indirectly by the publicly traded partnership.

- (7) As used in this subsection, "qualified exempt organization" means an entity (a) listed in subsection (6)(a) and (b) of this section and shall not include any entity whose exempt status has been disallowed by the Internal Revenue Service. 10
  - (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, any limited liability pass-through entity that is owned in whole or in part by a qualified exempt organization shall, in calculating its Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits, exclude the proportionate share of its Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the ownership interest of the qualified exempt organization.
  - Any limited liability pass-through entity that reduces Kentucky gross receipts (c) or Kentucky gross profits in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subsection shall disregard the ownership interest of the qualified exempt organization in determining the amount of credit available under subsection (3) of this section.
  - (d) The Department of Revenue may promulgate an administrative regulation to further define "qualified exempt organization" to include an entity for which exemption is constitutionally or legally required, or to exclude any entity created primarily for tax avoidance purposes with no legitimate business purpose.
  - (8)The credit permitted by subsection (3) of this section shall flow through multiple

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1		layers of limited liability pass-through entities and shall be claimed by the taxpayer
2		who ultimately pays the tax on the income of the limited liability pass-through
3		entity.
4		→ Section 9. KRS 141.044 is amended to read as follows:
5	(1)	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, every corporation and
6		limited liability pass-through entity subject to taxation under KRS 141.040 and
7		141.0401 shall make estimated tax payments if the taxes imposed by KRS 141.040
8		and 141.0401 for the taxable year can reasonably be expected to exceed five
9		thousand dollars (\$5,000).
10	(2)	Estimated tax payments for the taxes imposed under KRS 141.040 and 141.0401
11		shall be made at the same time and calculated in the same manner as estimated tax
12		payments for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C. sec. 6655, except:
13		(a) The estimated liabilities for the taxes imposed under KRS 141.040 and
14		141.0401 shall be used to make the estimated payments;
15		(b) Any provisions in 26 U.S.C. sec. 6655 that apply for federal tax purposes but
16		do not apply to the taxes imposed under KRS 141.040 and 141.0401;
17		(c) The addition to tax identified by 26 U.S.C. sec. 6655(a) shall instead be
18		considered a penalty under KRS 131.180;
19		(d) The tax interest rate identified under KRS 131.183 shall be used to determine
20		the underpayment rate instead of the rate under 26 U.S.C. sec. 6621;[ and]
21		(e) Any waiver of penalties shall be performed as provided in KRS 131.175; <i>and</i>
22		(f) 1. A refund of taxes collected under this section shall include interest at
23		the tax interest rate as defined in KRS 131.010(6).
24		2. Interest shall not begin to accrue until ninety (90) days after the latest
25		<u>of:</u>
26		a. The due date of the return;
27		b. The date the return was filed:

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1				c. The date the tax was paid;
2				d. The last day prescribed by law for filing the return; or
3				e. The date an amended return claiming a refund is filed.
4			<u>3.</u>	No refund shall be made of any estimated tax paid unless a return is
5				filed as required by this chapter.
6	(3)	The	depar	tment may promulgate administrative regulations to implement this
7		secti	on.	
8		<b>→</b> S	ection	10. KRS 141.121 is amended to read as follows:
9	(1)	As u	sed in	this section:
10		(a)	"Affi	liated airline" means an airline:
11			1.	For which a qualified air freight forwarder facilitates air transportation;
12				and
13			2.	That is in the same affiliated group as a qualified air freight forwarder;
14		(b)	"Affi	liated group" has the same meaning as in Section 11 of this Act[KRS
15			141.2	<del>200]</del> ;
16		(c)	"Ken	tucky revenue passenger miles" means the total revenue passenger miles
17			withi	n the borders of Kentucky for all flight stages that either originate or
18			termi	nate in this state;
19		(d)	"Pass	senger airline" means a person or corporation engaged primarily in the
20			carria	age by aircraft of passengers in interstate commerce;
21		(e)	"Prov	vider" means any corporation engaged in the business of providing:
22			1.	Communications service as defined in KRS 136.602;
23			2.	Cable service as defined in KRS 136.602; or
24			3.	Internet access as defined in 47 U.S.C. sec. 151;
25		(f)	"Qua	lified air freight forwarder" means a person that:
26			1.	Is engaged primarily in the facilitation of the transportation of property
27				by air;

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1			2. Does not itself operate aircraft; and	
2			3. Is in the same affiliated group as an affiliated airline; and	
3		(g)	"Revenue passenger miles" means miles calculated in accordance with	th 14
4			C.F.R. Part 241.	
5	(2)	(a)	For purposes of apportioning business income to this state for taxable	years
6			beginning prior to January 1, 2018:	
7			1. Passenger airlines shall determine the property, payroll, and sales fa	ictors
8			as follows:	
9			a. Except as modified by this subdivision, the property factor sha	all be
10			determined as provided in KRS 141.901. Aircraft operated	by a
11			passenger airline shall be included in both the numerator	and
12			denominator of the property factor. Aircraft shall be includ	ed in
13			the numerator of the property factor by determining the produc	ct of:
14			i. The total average value of the aircraft operated by	y the
15			passenger airline; and	
16			ii. A fraction, the numerator of which is the Kentucky rev	enue
17			passenger miles of the passenger airline for the taxable	year
18			and the denominator of which is the total revenue passe	enger
19			miles of the passenger airline for the taxable year;	
20			b. Except as modified by this subdivision, the payroll factor sha	all be
21			determined as provided in KRS 141.901. Compensation	paid
22			during the tax period by a passenger airline to flight person	onnel
23			shall be included in the numerator of the payroll factor	or by
24			determining the product of:	
25			i The total amount paid during the taxable year to	flight
26			personnel; and	
27			ii. A fraction, the numerator of which is the Kentucky rev	enue

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1				passenger miles of the passenger airline for the taxable year
2				and the denominator of which is the total revenue passenger
3				miles of the passenger airline for the taxable year; and
4		c.	Exce	ept as modified by this subdivision, the sales factor shall be
5				determined as provided in KRS 141.901. Transportation
6				revenues shall be included in the numerator of the sales
7				factor by determining the product of:
8			i	The total transportation revenues of the passenger airline for
9				the taxable year; and
10			ii.	A fraction, the numerator of which is the Kentucky revenue
11				passenger miles for the taxable year and the denominator of
12				which is the total revenue passenger miles for the taxable
13				year; and
14	2.	Qua	lified	air freight forwarders shall determine the property, payroll,
15		and	sales	factors as follows:
16		a.	The	property factor shall be determined as provided in KRS
17			141.	901;
18		b.	The	payroll factor shall be determined as provided in KRS
19			141.	901; and
20		c.	Exce	ept as modified by this subparagraph, the sales factor shall be
21			dete	rmined as provided in KRS 141.901. Freight forwarding
22			reve	nues shall be included in the numerator of the sales factor by
23			dete	rmining the product of:
24			i.	The total freight forwarding revenues of the qualified air
25				freight forwarder for the taxable year; and
26			ii.	A fraction, the numerator of which is miles operated in
27				Kentucky by the affiliated airline and the denominator of

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1			which is the total miles operated by the affiliated airline.
2		(b)	For purposes of apportioning income to this state for taxable years beginning
3		` /	on or after January 1, 2018, except as modified by this paragraph, the
4			apportionment fraction shall be determined as provided in KRS 141.120,
5			except that:
			•
6			1. Transportation revenues shall be determined to be in this state by
7			multiplying the total transportation revenues by a fraction, the numerator
8			of which is the Kentucky revenue passenger miles for the taxable year
9			and the denominator of which is the total revenue passenger miles for
10			the taxable year; and
11			2. Freight forwarding revenues shall be determined to be in this state by
12			multiplying the total freight forwarding revenues by a fraction, the
13			numerator of which is miles operated in Kentucky by the affiliated
14			airline and the denominator of which is the total miles operated by the
15			affiliated airline.
16	(3)	For	purposes of apportioning income to this state for taxable years beginning on or
17		afte	r January 1, 2018, the apportionment fraction for a provider shall continue to be
18		calc	ulated using a three (3) factor formula as provided in KRS 141.901.
19	(4)	(a)	A corporation may elect the allocation and apportionment methods for the
20			corporation's apportionable income provided for in paragraphs (b) and (c) of
21			this subsection. The election, if made, shall be irrevocable for a period of five
22			(5) years.
23		(b)	All business income derived directly or indirectly from the sale of
24			management, distribution, or administration services to or on behalf of
25			regulated investment companies, as defined under the Internal Revenue Code
26			of 1986, as amended, including trustees, and sponsors or participants of

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employee benefit plans which have accounts in a regulated investment

company, shall be apportioned to this state only to the extent that shareholders of the investment company are domiciled in this state as follows:

- Total apportionable income shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be Kentucky receipts from the services for the tax period and the denominator of which shall be the total receipts everywhere from the services for the tax period;
- 2. For purposes of subparagraph 1. of this paragraph, Kentucky receipts shall be determined by multiplying total receipts for the taxable year from each separate investment company for which the services are performed by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall be the average of the number of shares owned by the investment company's shareholders domiciled in this state at the beginning of and at the end of the investment company's taxable year, and the denominator of the fraction shall be the average of the number of the shares owned by the investment company shareholders everywhere at the beginning of and at the end of the investment company's taxable year; and
- Nonapportionable income shall be allocated to this state as provided in KRS 141.120.
- (c) All apportionable income derived directly or indirectly from the sale of securities brokerage services by a business which operates within the boundaries of any area of the Commonwealth, which on June 30, 1992, was designated as a Kentucky Enterprise Zone, as described in KRS 154.655(2) before that statute was renumbered in 1992, shall be apportioned to this state only to the extent that customers of the securities brokerage firm are domiciled in this state. The portion of business income apportioned to Kentucky shall be determined by multiplying the total business income from the sale of these services by a fraction determined in the following manner:

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1			1. The numerator of the fraction shall be the brokerage commissions and
2			total margin interest paid in respect of brokerage accounts owned by
3			customers domiciled in Kentucky for the brokerage firm's taxable year;
4			2. The denominator of the fraction shall be the brokerage commissions and
5			total margin interest paid in respect of brokerage accounts owned by all
6			of the brokerage firm's customers for that year; and
7			3. Nonapportionable income shall be allocated to this state as provided in
8			KRS 141.120.
9	(5)	Publ	ic service companies and financial organizations required by KRS 141.010 to
10		allo	cate and apportion net income shall allocate and apportion that income as
11		follo	ows:
12		(a)	Nonapportionable income shall be allocated to this state as provided in KRS
13			141.120;
14		(b)	Apportionable income shall be apportioned to this state as provided by KRS
15			141.120. Receipts shall be determined as provided by administrative
16			regulations promulgated by the department; and
17		(c)	An affiliated group required to file a consolidated return under <b>Section 11 of</b>
18			this Act[KRS 141.200] that includes a public service company, a provider of
19			communications services or multichannel video programming services as
20			defined in KRS 136.602, or a financial organization shall determine the
21			amount of receipts as provided by administrative regulations promulgated by
22			the department.
23	(6)	A co	orporation:
24		(a)	That owns an interest in a limited liability pass-through entity; or
25		(b)	That owns an interest in a general partnership;
26		shal	l include the proportionate share of receipts of the limited liability pass-through
27		entit	y or general partnership when apportioning income. The phrases "an interest in

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1		a lin	nited liability pass-through entity" and "an interest in a general partnership"			
2		shall	shall extend to each level of multiple-tiered pass-through entities.			
3	(7)	The	The department shall promulgate administrative regulations to detail the sourcing of			
4		the f	following receipts related to financial institutions:			
5		(a)	Receipts from the lease of real property;			
6		(b)	Receipts from the lease of tangible personal property;			
7		(c)	Interest, fees, and penalties imposed in connection with loans secured by real			
8			property;			
9		(d)	Interest, fees, and penalties imposed in connection with loans not secured by			
10			real property;			
11		(e)	Net gains from the sale of loans;			
12		(f)	Receipts from fees, interest, and penalties charged to card holders;			
13		(g)	Net gains from the sale of credit card receivables;			
14		(h)	Card issuer's reimbursement fees;			
15		(i)	Receipts from merchant discount;			
16		(j)	Receipts from ATM fees;			
17		(k)	Receipts from loan servicing fees;			
18		(1)	Receipts from other services;			
19		(m)	Receipts from the financial institution's investment assets and activity and			
20			trading assets and activity; and			
21		(n)	All other receipts.			
22		<b>→</b> Se	ection 11. KRS 141.201 is amended to read as follows:			
23	(1)	This	section shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019.			
24	(2)	As u	sed in this section:			
25		(a)	"Affiliated group" means affiliated group as defined in Section 1504(a) of the			
26			Internal Revenue Code and related regulations;			

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(b)

"Consolidated return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return filed

1			by members of an affiliated group in accordance with this section[. The
2			determinations and computations required by this chapter shall be made in
3			accordance with Section 1502 of the Internal Revenue Code and related
4			regulations, except as required by differences between this chapter and the
5			Internal Revenue Code. Corporations exempt from taxation under KRS
6			141.040 shall not be included in the return];
7		(c)	"Separate return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return in which
8			only the transactions and activities of a single corporation are considered in
9			making all determinations and computations necessary to calculate taxable net
10			income, tax due, and credits allowed in accordance with this chapter;
11		(d)	"Corporation" means "corporation" as defined in Section 7701(a)(3) of the
12			Internal Revenue Code; and
13		(e)	"Election period" means the forty-eight (48) month period provided for in
14			subsection (4)(d) of this section.
15	(3)	Eve	ry corporation doing business in this state, except those corporations listed as
16		exer	npt from taxation under KRS 141.040(1)(a) and (b), shall, for each taxable
17		year	:
18		(a)	1. File a combined report, if the corporation is a member of unitary
19			business group as provided in KRS 141.202; or
20			2. Make an election to file a consolidated return with all members of the
21			affiliated group as provided in this section; or
22		(b)	File a separate return, if paragraph (a) of this subsection does not apply.
23	(4)	(a)	An affiliated group, whether or not filing a federal consolidated return, may
24			elect to file a consolidated return which includes all members of the affiliated
25			group.
26		(b)	1. An affiliated group electing to file a consolidated return under paragraph
27			(a) of this subsection shall be treated for all purposes as a single

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1			corporation under this chapter.
2			2. The determinations and computations required by this chapter shall
3			be made in accordance with Section 1502 of the Internal Revenue
4			Code and related regulations, except as required by differences
5			between this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code.
6			3. Corporations listed as exempt from taxation under KRS 141.040(1)(a)
7			and (b) shall not be included in the return.
8			4. All transactions between corporations included in the consolidated
9			return shall be eliminated in computing net income as provided in KRS
10			141.039(2), and determining the apportionment fraction in accordance
11			with KRS 141.120.
12		(c)	Any election made in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be
13			made on a form prescribed by the department and shall be submitted to the
14			department on or before the due date of the return, including extensions, for
15			the first taxable year for which the election is made.
16		(d)	Any election to file a consolidated return pursuant to paragraph (a) of this
17			subsection shall be binding on both the department and the affiliated group for
18			a period beginning with the first month of the first taxable year for which the
19			election is made and ending with the conclusion of the taxable year in which
20			the forty-eighth consecutive calendar month expires.
21		(e)	For each taxable year for which an affiliated group has made an election
22			provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the consolidated return shall
23			include all corporations which are members of the affiliated group.
24	(5)	Each	corporation included as part of an affiliated group filing a consolidated return
25		shall	be jointly and severally liable for the income tax liability computed on the
26		conse	olidated return, except that any corporation which was not a member of the
27		affili	ated group for the entire taxable year shall be jointly and severally liable only

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for that portion of the Kentucky consolidated income tax liability attributable to that portion of the year that the corporation was a member of the affiliated group.

- Every corporation return or report required by this chapter shall be executed by one

  (1) of the following officers of the corporation: the president, vice president,

  secretary, treasurer, assistant secretary, assistant treasurer, or chief accounting

  officer. The department may require a further or supplemental report of further

  information and data necessary for computation of the tax.
  - (7) In the case of a corporation doing business in this state that carries on transactions with stockholders or with other corporations related by stock ownership, by interlocking directorates, or by some other method, the department shall require information necessary to make possible accurate assessment of the income derived by the corporation from sources within this state. To make possible this assessment, the department may require the corporation to file supplementary returns showing information respecting the business of any or all individuals and corporations related by one (1) or more of these methods to the corporation. The department may require the return to show in detail the record of transactions between the corporation and any or all other related corporations or individuals.
- → Section 12. KRS 141.202 is amended to read as follows:
- 19 (1) This section shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019.
- 20 (2) As used in this section:

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- 21 (a) "Combined group" means the group of all corporations whose income and
  22 apportionment factors are required to be taken into account as provided in
  23 subsection (3) of this section in determining the taxpayer's share of the net
  24 income or loss apportionable to this state. A combined group shall include
  25 only corporations, the voting stock of which is more than fifty percent (50%)
  26 owned, directly or indirectly, by a common owner or owners;
  - (b) "Corporation" has the same meaning as in KRS 141.010, including an

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1		organization of any kind treated as a corporation for tax purposes under KRS
2		141.040, wherever located, which if it were doing business in this state would
3		be a taxpayer, and the business conducted by a pass-through entity which is
4		directly or indirectly held by a corporation shall be considered the business of
5		the corporation to the extent of the corporation's distributive share of the pass-
6		through entity income, inclusive of guaranteed payments;
7	(c)	"Doing business in a tax haven" means being engaged in activity sufficient for
8		that tax haven jurisdiction to impose a tax under United States constitutional
9		standards;
10	(d)	1. "Tax haven" means a jurisdiction that, during the taxable year has no or
11		nominal effective tax on the relevant income and:
12		a. Has laws or practices that prevent effective exchange of
13		information for tax purposes with other governments on taxpayers
14		benefitting from the tax regime;
15		b. Has a tax regime which lacks transparency. A tax regime lacks
16		transparency if the details of legislative, legal, or administrative
17		provisions are not open and apparent or are not consistently
18		applied among similarly situated taxpayers, or if the information
19		needed by tax authorities to determine a taxpayer's correct tax
20		liability, such as accounting records and underlying
21		documentation, is not adequately available;
22		c. Facilitates the establishment of foreign-owned entities without the
23		need for a local substantive presence or prohibits these entities
24		from having any commercial impact on the local economy;
25		d. Explicitly or implicitly excludes the jurisdiction's resident
26		taxpayers from taking advantage of the tax regime's benefits or

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prohibits enterprises that benefit from the regime from operating in

1			the jurisdiction's domestic market; or
2			e. Has created a tax regime which is favorable for tax avoidance,
3			based upon an overall assessment of relevant factors, including
4			whether the jurisdiction has a significant untaxed offshore
5			financial or other services sector relative to its overall economy.
6			2. "Tax haven" does not include a jurisdiction that has entered into a
7			comprehensive income tax treaty with the United States, which the
8			Secretary of the Treasury has determined is satisfactory for purposes of
9			Section 1(h)(11)(C)(i)(II) of the Internal Revenue Code;
10		(e)	"Taxpayer" means any corporation subject to the tax imposed under this
11			chapter;
12		(f)	"Unitary business" means a single economic enterprise that is made up either
13			of separate parts of a single corporation or of a commonly controlled group of
14			corporations that are sufficiently interdependent, integrated, and interrelated
15			through their activities so as to provide a synergy and mutual benefit that
16			produces a sharing or exchange of value among them and a significant flow of
17			value to the separate parts. For purposes of this section, the term "unitary
18			business" shall be broadly construed, to the extent permitted by the United
19			States Constitution; and
20		(g)	"United States" means the fifty (50) states of the United States, the District of
21			Columbia, and United States' territories and possessions.
22	(3)	(a)	Except as provided in KRS 141.201, a taxpayer engaged in a unitary business
23			with one (1) or more other corporations shall file a combined report which
24			includes the income, determined under subsection (5) of this section, and the
25			apportionment fraction, determined under KRS 141.120 and paragraph (d) of
26			this subsection, of all corporations that are members of the unitary business,
27			and any other information as required by the department. The combined report

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shall be filed on a waters-edge basis under subsection (8) of this section.

(b) The department may, by administrative regulation, require that the combined report include the income and associated apportionment factors of any corporations that are not included as provided by paragraph (a) of this subsection, but that are members of a unitary business, in order to reflect proper apportionment of income of the entire unitary businesses. Authority to require combination by administrative regulation under this paragraph includes authority to require combination of corporations that are not, or would not be combined, if the corporation were doing business in this state.

- (c) In addition, if the department determines that the reported income or loss of a taxpayer engaged in a unitary business with any corporation not included as provided by paragraph (a) of this subsection represents an avoidance or evasion of tax by the taxpayer, the department may, on a case-by-case basis, require all or any part of the income and associated apportionment factors of the corporation be included in the taxpayer's combined report.
- (d) With respect to the inclusion of associated apportionment factors as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the department may require the inclusion of any one (1) or more additional factors which will fairly represent the taxpayer's business activity in this state, or the employment of any other method to effectuate a proper reflection of the total amount of income subject to apportionment and an equitable allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's income.
- (e) A unitary business shall consider the combined gross receipts and combined income from all sources of all members under subsection (8) of this section, including eliminating entries for transactions among the members under subsection (8)(e) of this section.
- (f) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) to (e) of this subsection, a consolidated return

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1	may be filed as provided in KRS 141.201 if the taxpayer makes an election
2	according to KRS 141.201.

- (4) The use of a combined report does not disregard the separate identities of the taxpayer members of the combined group. Each taxpayer member is responsible for tax based on its taxable income or loss apportioned or allocated to this state, which shall include, in addition to the other types of income, the taxpayer member's share of apportionable income of the combined group, where apportionable income of the combined group is calculated as a summation of the individual net incomes of all members of the combined group. A member's net income is determined by removing all but apportionable income, expense, and loss from that member's total income as provided in subsection (5) of this section.
- (5) (a) Each taxpayer member is responsible for tax based on its taxable income or loss apportioned or allocated to this state, which shall include:
  - Its share of any income apportionable to this state of each of the combined groups of which it is a member, determined under subsection (6) of this section;
  - 2. Its share of any income apportionable to this state of a distinct business activity conducted within and without the state wholly by the taxpayer member, determined under KRS 141.120;
  - 3. Its income from a business conducted wholly by the taxpayer member entirely within the state;
  - 4. Its income sourced to this state from the sale or exchange of capital or assets, and from involuntary conversions, as determined under subsection (8)(g)[(k)] of this section;
  - 5. Its nonapportionable income or loss allocable to this state, determined under KRS 141.120;
- 27 6. Its income or loss allocated or apportioned in an earlier year, required to

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> be taken into account as state source income during the income year, other than a net operating loss; and

7. Its net operating loss carryover.

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- No tax credit or post-apportionment deduction earned by one (1) member of the group, but not fully used by or allowed to that member, may be used in whole or in part by another member of the group or applied in whole or in part against the total income of the combined group, except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection.
- (c) If the taxable income computed pursuant to KRS 141.039 results in a net loss for a taxpayer member of the combined group, that taxpayer member has a Kentucky net operating loss, subject to the net operating loss limitations and carry forward provisions of KRS 141.011. No prior year net operating loss carryforward shall be available to entities that were not doing business in this state in the year in which the loss was incurred. A Kentucky net operating loss carryover incurred by a taxpayer member of a combined group shall be deducted from income or loss apportioned to this state pursuant to this section as follows:
  - 1. For taxable years beginning on or after the first day of the initial taxable year for which a combined unitary tax return is required under this section, if the computation of a combined group's Kentucky net income before apportionment to this state results in a net operating loss, a taxpayer member of the group may carry over its share of the net operating loss as apportioned to this state, as calculated under this section and in accordance with KRS 141.120 or 141.121, and it shall be deductible from a taxpayer member's apportioned net income derived from the unitary business in a future tax year to the extent that the carryover and deduction is otherwise consistent with KRS 141.011;

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> 2. Where a taxpayer member of a combined group has a Kentucky net operating loss carryover derived from a loss incurred by a combined group in a tax year beginning on or after the first day of the initial tax year for which a combined unitary tax return is required under this section, then the taxpayer member may share the net operating loss carryover with other taxpayer members of the combined group if the other taxpayer members were members of the combined group in the tax year that the loss was incurred. Any amount of net operating loss carryover that is deducted by another taxpayer member of the combined group shall reduce the amount of net operating loss carryover that may be carried over by the taxpayer member that originally incurred the loss; 3.

Where a taxpayer member of a combined group has a net operating loss carryover derived from a loss incurred in a tax year prior to the initial tax year for which a combined unitary tax return is required under this section, the carryover shall remain available to be deducted by that taxpayer member and any other taxpayer members of the combined group, but in no case shall the deduction reduce any taxpayer member's Kentucky apportioned taxable income by more than fifty percent (50%) in any taxable year, other than the taxpayer member that originally incurred the net operating loss, in which case no limitation is provided except as provided by Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code. Any net operating loss carryover that is not utilized in a particular taxable year shall be carried over by the taxpayer member that generated the loss and utilized in the future consistent with the limitations of this subparagraph; or

4. Where a taxpayer member of a combined group has a net operating loss carryover derived from a loss incurred in a tax year during which the

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> taxpayer member was not a taxpayer member of the combined group, the carryover shall remain available to be deducted by that taxpayer member or other taxpayer members, but in no case shall the deduction reduce any taxpayer member's Kentucky apportioned taxable income by more than fifty percent (50%) in any taxable year, other than the taxpayer member that originally incurred the net operating loss, in which case no limitation is provided except as provided by Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code. Any net operating loss carryover that is not utilized in a particular taxable year, shall be carried over by the taxpayer member that generated the loss and utilized in the future consistent with the limitations of this subparagraph.

- The taxpayer's share of the business income apportionable to this state of each combined group of which it is a member shall be the product of:
  - (a) The apportionable income of the combined group, determined under subsection (7) of this section; and
  - (b) The taxpayer member's apportionment fraction, determined under KRS 141.120, including in the sales factor numerator the taxpayer's sales associated with the combined group's unitary business in this state, and including in the denominator the sales of all members of the combined group, including the taxpayer, which sales are associated with the combined group's unitary business wherever located. The sales of a pass-through entity shall be included in the determination of the partner's apportionment percentage in proportion to a ratio, the numerator of which is the amount of the partner's distributive share of the pass-through entity's unitary income included in the income of the combined group as provided in subsection (8) of this section and the denominator of which is the amount of pass-through entity's total unitary income.

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(7) The apportionable income of a combined group is determined as follows:

- 2 (a) The total income of the combined group is the sum of the income of each
  3 member of the combined group determined under federal income tax laws, as
  4 adjusted for state purposes, as if the member were not consolidated for federal
  5 purposes; and
  - (b) From the total income of the combined group determined under subsection (8) of this section, subtract any income and add any expense or loss, other than the apportionable income, expense, or loss of the combined group.
  - (8) To determine the total income of the combined group, taxpayer members shall take into account all or a portion of the income and apportionment factor of only the following members otherwise included in the combined group as provided in subsection (3) of this section:
    - (a) The entire income and apportionment percentage of any member, incorporated in the United States or formed under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or any territory or possession of the United States, that earns less than eighty percent (80%) of its income from sources outside of the United States, the District of Columbia, or any territory or possession of the United States;
    - (b) Any member that earns more than twenty percent (20%) of its income, directly or indirectly, from intangible property or service related activities that are deductible against the apportionable income of other members of the combined group, to the extent of that income and the apportionment factor related to that income. If a non-United States corporation is includible as a member in the combined group, to the extent that the non-United States corporation's income is excluded from United States taxation pursuant to the provisions of a comprehensive income tax treaty, the income or loss is not includible in the combined group's net income or loss. The member's expenses

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1		or apportionment factors attributable to income that is excluded from United			
2		States taxation pursuant to the provisions of a comprehensive income tax			
3		reaty are not to be included in the combined report;			
4	(c)	The entire income and apportionment factor of any member that is doing			
5		business in a tax haven. If the member's business activity within a tax haven is			
6		entirely outside the scope of the laws, provisions, and practices that cause the			
7		jurisdiction to meet the definition established in subsection (2)(d) of this			
8		section, the activity of the member shall be treated as not having been			
9		conducted in a tax haven;			
10	(d)	If a unitary business includes income from a pass-through entity, the income			
11		to be included in the total income of the combined group shall be the member			
12		of the combined group's direct and indirect distributive share of the pass-			
13		through entity's unitary income;			
14	(e)	Income from an intercompany transaction between members of the same			
15		combined group shall be deferred in a manner similar to 26 C.F.R. 1.1502-13.			
16		Upon the occurrence of any of the following events, deferred income resulting			
17		from an intercompany transaction between members of a combined group			
18		shall be restored to the income of the seller, and shall be apportionable income			
19		earned immediately before the event:			
20		1. The object of a deferred intercompany transaction is:			
21		a. Resold by the buyer to an entity that is not a member of the			
22		combined group;			
23		b. Resold by the buyer to an entity that is a member of the combined			
24		group for use outside the unitary business in which the buyer and			
25		seller are engaged; or			
26		c. Converted by the buyer to a use outside the unitary business in			

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which the buyer and seller are engaged; or

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2. The buyer and seller are no longer members of the same combined group, regardless of whether the members remain unitary;

- (f) A charitable expense incurred by a member of a combined group shall, to the extent allowable as a deduction provided by Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code, be subtracted first from the apportionable income of the combined group, subject to the income limitations of that section applied to the entire apportionable income of the group, and any remaining amount shall then be treated as a nonapportionable expense allocable to the member that incurred the expense, subject to the income limitations of that section applied to the nonapportionable income of that specific member. Any charitable deduction disallowed under this paragraph, but allowed as a carryover deduction in a subsequent year, shall be treated as originally incurred in the subsequent year by the same member, and this paragraph shall apply in the subsequent year in determining the allowable deduction in that year;
- (g) Gain or loss from the sale or exchange of capital assets, property described by Section 1231(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and property subject to an involuntary conversion shall be removed from the total separate net income of each member of a combined group and shall be apportioned and allocated as follows:
  - 1. For each class of gain or loss, including short-term capital, long-term capital, Internal Revenue Code Section 1231, and involuntary conversions, all members' gain and loss for the class shall be combined, without netting between the classes, and each class of net gain or loss separately apportioned to each member using the member's apportionment percentage determined under subsection (6) of this section;
  - 2. Each taxpayer member shall then net its apportioned business gain or

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> loss for all classes, including any apportioned gain and loss from other combined groups, against the taxpayer member's nonapportionable gain and loss for all classes allocated to this state, using the rules of Sections 1231 and 1222 of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard to any of the taxpayer member's gains or losses from the sale or exchange of capital assets, Internal Revenue Code Section 1231 property, and involuntary conversions which are nonapportionable items allocated to another state;

- 3. Any resulting state source income or loss, if the loss is not subject to the limitations of Section 1211 of the Internal Revenue Code, of a taxpayer member produced by the application of subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph shall then be applied to all other state source income or loss of that member; and
- 4. Any resulting state source loss of a member that is subject to the limitations of Section 1211 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be carried forward by that member, and shall be treated as state source short-term capital loss incurred by that member for the year for which the carryover applies; and
- (h) Any expense of one (1) member of the unitary group which is directly or indirectly attributable to the nonapportionable or exempt income of another member of the unitary group shall be allocated to that other member as corresponding nonapportionable or exempt expense, as appropriate.
- (9)As a filing convenience, and without changing the respective liability of the (a) group members, members of a combined reporting group shall annually designate one (1) taxpayer member of the combined group to file a single return in the form and manner prescribed by the department, in lieu of filing their own respective returns.

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1		(b)	The taxpayer member designated to file the single return shall consent to act
2			as surety with respect to the tax liability of all other taxpayers properly
3			included in the combined report, and shall agree to act as agent on behalf of
4			those taxpayers for the taxable year for matters relating to the combined
5			report. If for any reason the surety is unwilling or unable to perform its
6			responsibilities, tax liability may be assessed against the taxpayer members.
7		<b>→</b> S	ection 13. KRS 141.205 is amended to read as follows:
8	(1)	As u	ised in this section:
9		(a)	"Intangible property" means franchises, patents, patent applications, trade
10			names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, trade secrets, and similar types
11			of intangible assets;
12		(b)	"Intangible expenses" includes the following only to the extent that the
13			amounts are allowed as deductions or costs in determining taxable net income
14			before the application of any net operating loss deduction provided under
15			Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code:
16			1. Expenses, losses, and costs for, related to, or in connection directly or
17			indirectly with the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance,
18			management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of

- intangible property;2. Losses related to, or incurred in connection directly or indirectly with, factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
- 3. Royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
- 4. Licensing fees; and

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- 5. Other similar expenses and costs;
- (c) "Intangible interest expense" means only those amounts which are directly or indirectly allowed as deductions under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code for purposes of determining taxable income under that code, to the

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1		extent that the amounts are directly or indirectly for, related to, or connected
2		to the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance, management,
3		ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property;
4	(d)	"Management fees" includes but is not limited to expenses and costs paid for
5		services pertaining to accounts receivable and payable, employee benefit
6		plans, insurance, legal, payroll, data processing, purchasing, tax, financial and
7		securities, accounting, reporting and compliance services or similar services,
8		only to the extent that the amounts are allowed as a deduction or cost in
9		determining taxable net income before application of the net operating loss
10		deduction for the taxable year provided under Chapter 1 of the Internal
11		Revenue Code;
12	(e)	"Affiliated group" has the same meaning as [provided] in Section 11 of this
13		<u>Act</u> [KRS-141.200];
14	(f)	"Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is organized under the laws of
15		a country other than the United States and that would be a related member if it
16		were a domestic corporation;
17	(g)	"Related member" means a person that, with respect to the entity during all or
18		any portion of the taxable year, is:
19		1. A person or entity that has, directly or indirectly, at least fifty percent
20		(50%) of the equity ownership interest in the taxpayer, as determined
21		under Section 318 of the Internal Revenue Code;
22		2. A component member as defined in Section 1563(b) of the Internal
23		Revenue Code;
24		3. A person to or from whom there is attribution of stock ownership in
25		accordance with Section 1563(e) of the Internal Revenue Code; or
26		4. A person that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears the same

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relationship to the taxpayer as a person described in subparagraphs 1. to

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1			3. of this paragraph;
2		(h)	"Recipient" means a related member or foreign corporation to whom the item
3			of income that corresponds to the intangible interest expense, the intangible
4			expense, or the management fees, is paid;
5		(i)	"Unrelated party" means a person that has no direct, indirect, beneficial or
6			constructive ownership interest in the recipient; and in which the recipient has
7			no direct, indirect, beneficial or constructive ownership interest;
8		(j)	"Disclosure" means that the entity shall provide the following information to
9			the Department of Revenue with its tax return regarding a related party
10			transaction:
11			1. The name of the recipient;
12			2. The state or country of domicile of the recipient;
13			3. The amount paid to the recipient; and
14			4. A description of the nature of the payment made to the recipient;
15		(k)	"Other related party transaction" means a transaction which:
16			1. Is undertaken by an entity which was not required to file a consolidated
17			return under Section 11 of this Act[KRS 141.200];
18			2. Is undertaken by an entity, directly or indirectly, with one (1) or more of
19			its stockholders, members, partners, or affiliated entities; and
20			3. Is not within the scope of subsections (2) and (3) of this section;
21		(1)	"Related party costs" means intangible expense, intangible interest expense,
22			management fees and any costs or expenses associated with other related party
23			transactions; and
24		(m)	"Entity" means any taxpayer other than a natural person.
25	(2)	An e	entity subject to the tax imposed by this chapter shall not be allowed to deduct
26		an ir	tangible expense, an intangible interest expense, or a management fee directly

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or indirectly paid, accrued or incurred to, or in connection directly or indirectly with

1		one	(1) or	more direct or indirect transactions with one (1) or more related members
2		or w	ith a	foreign corporation as defined in subsection (1) of this section, or with an
3		entit	y that	would be included in the affiliated group based upon ownership interest
4		if it	were o	organized as a corporation.
5	(3)	The	disall	owance of deductions provided by subsection (2) of this section shall not
6		appl	y if:	
7		(a)	The	entity and the recipient are both included in the same consolidated
8			Ken	tucky corporation income tax return for the relevant taxable year; or
9		(b)	The	entity makes a disclosure, and establishes by a preponderance of the
10			evid	ence that:
11			1.	The payment made to the recipient was subject to, in its state or country
12				of commercial domicile, a net income tax, or a franchise tax measured
13				by, in whole or in part, net income. If the recipient is a foreign
14				corporation, the foreign nation shall have in force a comprehensive
15				income tax treaty with the United States; and
16			2.	The recipient is engaged in substantial business activities separate and
17				apart from the acquisition, use, licensing, management, ownership, sale,
18				exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property, or in the
19				financing of related members, as evidenced by the maintenance of
20				permanent office space and full-time employees dedicated to the
21				maintenance and protection of intangible property; and
22			3.	The transaction giving rise to the intangible interest expense, intangible
23				expense, or management fees between the entity and the recipient was
24				made at a commercially reasonable rate and at terms comparable to an
25				arm's-length transaction; or
26		(c)	The	entity makes a disclosure, and establishes by preponderance of the

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evidence that the recipient regularly engages in transactions with one (1) or

1 more unrelated parties on terms identical to that of the subject transaction; or

2 The entity and the Department of Revenue agree in writing to the application (d) 3 or use of an alternative method of apportionment under KRS 141.120.

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- (4) An entity subject to the tax imposed by this chapter may deduct expenses or costs associated with an other related party transaction only in an amount equal to the amount which would have resulted if the other related party transaction had been carried out at arm's length. In any dispute between the department and the entity with respect to the amount which would have resulted if the transaction had been carried out at arm's length, the entity shall bear the burden of establishing the amount by a preponderance of the evidence.
- 11 (5) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit an entity from deducting a 12 related party cost in an amount permitted by this section, provided that the entity 13 has incurred related party costs equal to or greater than the amounts permitted by 14 this section.
  - If it is determined by the department that the amount of a deduction claimed by an entity with respect to a related party cost is greater than the amount permitted by this section, the net income of the entity shall be adjusted to reflect the amount of the related party cost permitted by this section.
- 19 (7)For tax periods ending before January 1, 2005, in the case of entities not required to 20 file a consolidated or combined return under subsection (1) of this section that carried on transactions with stockholders or affiliated entities directly or indirectly, the department shall adjust the net income of such entities to an amount that would result if such transactions were carried on at arm's length.
- 24 → Section 14. KRS 141.206 is amended to read as follows:
- 25 Every pass-through entity doing business in this state shall, on or before the (1) 26 fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of its annual accounting 27 period, file a copy of its federal tax return with the form prescribed and furnished by

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1	the	department.
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- 2 Pass-through entities shall *calculate*[determine] net income in the same manner as 3 in the case of an individual under KRS <u>141.019</u>[141.010] and the adjustment 4 required under Sections 703(a) and 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. 5 Computation of net income under this section and the computation of the partner's, 6 member's, or shareholder's distributive share shall be computed as nearly as 7 practicable identical with those required for federal income tax purposes except to 8 the extent required by differences between this chapter and the federal income tax 9 law and regulations.
- 10 (3) Individuals, estates, trusts, or corporations doing business in this state as a partner,
  11 member, or shareholder in a pass-through entity shall be liable for income tax only
  12 in their individual, fiduciary, or corporate capacities, and no income tax shall be
  13 assessed against the net income of any pass-through entity, except as required for S
  14 corporations by KRS 141.040.
- 15 (4) (a) Every pass-through entity required to file a return under subsection (1) of this
  16 section, except publicly traded partnerships as described in KRS
  17 141.0401(6)(a)18. and (b)14., shall withhold Kentucky income tax on the
  18 distributive share, whether distributed or undistributed, of each:
  - 1. Nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder; and
- 20 2. Corporate partner or member that is doing business in Kentucky only through its ownership interest in a pass-through entity.
- 22 (b) Withholding shall be at the maximum rate provided in KRS 141.020 or 141.040.
- 24 (5) (a) Effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, every pass-25 through entity required to withhold Kentucky income tax as provided by 26 subsection (4) of this section shall pay estimated tax for the taxable year if:
- 1. For a nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder, the

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1			estimated tax liability can reasonably be expected to exceed five
2			hundred dollars (\$500); or
3			2. For a corporate partner or member that is doing business in Kentucky
4			only through its ownership interest in a pass-through entity, the
5			estimated tax liability can reasonably be expected to exceed five
6			thousand dollars (\$5,000).
7		(b)	The payment of estimated tax shall contain the information and shall be filed
8			as provided in KRS 141.207.
9	(6)	(a)	If a pass-through entity demonstrates to the department that a partner,
10			member, or shareholder has filed an appropriate tax return for the prior year
11			with the department, then the pass-through entity shall not be required to
12			withhold on that partner, member, or shareholder for the current year unless
13			the exemption from withholding has been revoked pursuant to paragraph (b)
14			of this subsection.
15		(b)	An exemption from withholding shall be considered revoked if the partner,
16			member, or shareholder does not file and pay all taxes due in a timely manner.
17			An exemption so revoked shall be reinstated only with permission of the
18			department. If a partner, member, or shareholder who has been exempted from
19			withholding does not file a return or pay the tax due, the department may
20			require the pass-through entity to pay to the department the amount that
21			should have been withheld, up to the amount of the partner's, member's, or
22			shareholder's ownership interest in the entity. The pass-through entity shall be
23			entitled to recover a payment made pursuant to this paragraph from the
24			partner, member, or shareholder on whose behalf the payment was made.
25	(7)	In de	etermining the tax under this chapter, a resident individual, estate, or trust that is
26		a pa	artner, member, or shareholder in a pass-through entity shall take into account
27		the 1	partner's, member's, or shareholder's total distributive share of the pass-through

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1		entit	ty's ite	ems of income, loss, deduction, and credit.
2	(8)	In d	eterm	ining the tax under this chapter, a nonresident individual, estate, or trust
3		that	is a p	partner, member, or shareholder in a pass-through entity required to file a
4		retu	rn unc	ler subsection (1) of this section shall take into account:
5		(a)	1.	If the pass-through entity is doing business only in this state, the
6				partner's, member's, or shareholder's total distributive share of the pass-
7				through entity's items of income, loss, and deduction; or
8			2.	If the pass-through entity is doing business both within and without this
9				state, the partner's, member's, or shareholder's distributive share of the
10				pass-through entity's items of income, loss, and deduction multiplied by
11				the apportionment fraction of the pass-through entity as prescribed in
12				subsection (11) of this section; and
13		(b)	The	partner's, member's, or shareholder's total distributive share of credits of
14			the p	pass-through entity.
15	(9)	A co	orpora	ation that is subject to tax under KRS 141.040 and is a partner or member
16		in a	pass-1	through entity shall take into account the corporation's distributive share of
17		the p	pass-tl	hrough entity's items of income, loss, and deduction and:
18		(a)	1.	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, but prior to
19				January 1, 2018, shall include the proportionate share of the sales,
20				property, and payroll of the limited liability pass-through entity or
21				general partnership in computing its own apportionment factor; and
22			2.	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, shall include the
23				proportionate share of the sales of the limited liability pass-through
24				entity or general partnership in computing its own apportionment factor;
25				and
26		(b)	Cred	lits from the partnership.

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(10) (a)

If a pass-through entity is doing business both within and without this state,

1		the pass-through entity shall compute and furnish to each partner, member, or
2		shareholder the numerator and denominator of each factor of the
3		apportionment fraction determined in accordance with subsection (11) of this
4		section.
5	(b)	For purposes of determining an apportionment fraction under paragraph (a) of
6		this subsection, if the pass-through entity is:
7		1. Doing business both within and without this state; and
8		2. A partner or member in another pass-through entity;
9		then the pass-through entity shall be deemed to own the pro rata share of the
10		property owned or leased by the other pass-through entity, and shall also
11		include its pro rata share of the other pass-through entity's payroll and sales.
12	(c)	The phrases "a partner or member in another pass-through entity" and "doing
13		business both within and without this state" shall extend to each level of
14		multiple-tiered pass-through entities.
15	(d)	The attribution to the pass-through entity of the pro rata share of property,
16		payroll and sales from its role as a partner or member in another pass-through
17		entity will also apply when determining the pass-through entity's ultimate
18		apportionment factor for property, payroll and sales as required under
19		subsection (11) of this section.
20	(11) (a)	For taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2018, a pass-through entity
21		doing business within and without the state shall compute an apportionment
22		fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor, representing twenty-
23		five percent (25%) of the fraction, plus the payroll factor, representing twenty-
24		five percent (25%) of the fraction, plus the sales factor, representing fifty
25		percent (50%) of the fraction, with each factor determined in the same manner
26		as provided in KRS 141.901, and the denominator of which is four (4),

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reduced by the number of factors, if any, having no denominator, provided

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1			that if the sales factor has no denominator, then the denominator shall be				
2			reduced by two (2).				
3		(b)	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, a pass-through entity				
4			doing business within and without the state shall compute an apportionment				
5			fraction as provided in KRS 141.120.				
6	(12)	Resi	dent individuals, estates, or trusts that are partners in a partnership, members of				
7		a lin	nited liability company electing partnership tax treatment for federal income tax				
8		purp	oses, owners of single member limited liability companies, or shareholders in				
9		an S	corporation which does not do business in this state are subject to tax under				
10		KRS	141.020 on federal net income, gain, deduction, or loss passed through the				
11		partr	nership, limited liability company, or S corporation.				
12	(13)	An S	S corporation election made in accordance with Section 1362 of the Internal				
13		Reve	Revenue Code for federal tax purposes is a binding election for Kentucky tax				
14		purp	oses.				
15	(14)	(a)	Nonresident individuals shall not be taxable on investment income distributed				
16			by a qualified investment partnership. For purposes of this subsection, a				
17			"qualified investment partnership" means a pass-through entity that, during the				
18			taxable year, holds only investments that produce income that would not be				
19			taxable to a nonresident individual if held or owned individually.				
20		(b)	A qualified investment partnership shall be subject to all other provisions				
21			relating to a pass-through entity under this section and shall not be subject to				
22			the tax imposed under KRS 141.040 or 141.0401.				
23	(15)	(a)	1. A pass-through entity may file a composite income tax return on behalf				
24			of electing nonresident individual partners, members, or shareholders.				
25			2. The pass-through entity shall report and pay on the composite income				
26			tax return income tax at the highest marginal rate provided in this				
27			chapter on any portion of the partners', members', or shareholders' pro				

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rata or distributive shares of income of the pass-through entity from doing business in this state or deriving income from sources within this state. Payments made pursuant to subsection (5) of this section shall be credited against any tax due.

- 3. The pass-through entity filing a composite return shall still make estimated tax payments if required to do so by subsection (5) of this section, and shall remain subject to any penalty under KRS 141.044 and 141.305 for any underpayment of estimated tax determined under KRS 141.044 or 141.305.
- 4. The partners', members', or shareholders' pro rata or distributive share of income shall include all items of income or deduction used to compute adjusted gross income on the Kentucky return that is passed through to the partner, member, or shareholder by the pass-through entity, including but not limited to interest, dividend, capital gains and losses, guaranteed payments, and rents.
- (b) A nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder whose only source of income within this state is distributive share income from one (1) or more pass-through entities may elect to be included in a composite return filed pursuant to this section.
- (c) A nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder that has been included in a composite return may file an individual income tax return and shall receive credit for tax paid on the partner's behalf by the pass-through entity.
- (d) A pass-through entity shall deliver to the department a return upon a form prescribed by the department showing the total amounts paid or credited to its electing nonresident individual partners, members, or shareholders, the amount paid in accordance with this subsection, and any other information the

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1		department may require. A pass-through entity shall furnish to its nonresident					
2		partner, member, or shareholder annually, but not later than the fifteenth day					
3		of the fourth month after the end of its taxable year, a record of the amount of					
4		tax paid on behalf of the partner, member, or shareholder on a form prescribed					
5			by the department.				
6		<b>→</b> S	ection 15. KRS 141.383 is amended to read as follows:				
7	(1)	As t	used in this section:				
8		(a)	"Above-the-line production crew" means the same as defined in KRS				
9			148.542;				
10		(b)	"Approved company" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;				
11		(c)	"Below-the-line production crew" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;				
12		(d)	"Cabinet" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;				
13		(e)	"Office" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;				
14		(f)	"Qualifying expenditure" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;				
15		(g)	"Qualifying payroll expenditure" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;				
16		(h)	"Secretary" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542; and				
17		(i)	"Tax incentive agreement" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542.				
18	(2)	(a)	There is hereby created a tax credit against the tax imposed under KRS				
19			141.020 or 141.040 and 141.0401, with the ordering of credits as provided in				
20			KRS 141.0205.				
21		(b)	The incentive available under paragraph (a) of this section is:				
22			1. A refundable credit for applications approved prior to April 27, 2018;				
23			and				
24			2. A nonrefundable and nontransferable credit for applications approved on				
25			or after April 27, 2018.				
26		(c)	1. Beginning on April 27, 2018, the total tax incentive approved under				
27			KRS 148.544 shall be limited to one hundred million dollars				

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1		(\$100,000,000) for calendar year 2018 and each calendar year thereafter.
2		2. On April 27, 2018, if applications have been approved during the 2018
3		calendar year which exceed the amount in subparagraph 1. of this
4		paragraph[ (a) of this subsection], the Kentucky Film Office shall
5		immediately cease in approving any further applications for tax
6		incentives.
7	(3)	An approved company may receive a refundable tax credit on and after July 1,
8		2010, but only for applications approved prior to April 27, 2018, if:
9		(a) The cabinet has received notification from the office that the approved
10		company has satisfied all requirements of KRS 148.542 to 148.546; and
11		(b) The approved company has provided a detailed cost report and sufficient
12		documentation to the office, which has been forwarded by the office to the
13		cabinet, that:
14		1. The purchases of qualifying expenditures were made after the execution
15		of the tax incentive agreement; and
16		2. The approved company has withheld income tax as required by KRS
17		141.310 on all qualified payroll expenditures.
18	(4)	Interest shall not be allowed or paid on any refundable credits provided under this
19		section.
20	(5)	The cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS
21		Chapter 13A to administer this section.
22	(6)	On or before September 1, 2010, and on or before each September 1 thereafter, for
23		the immediately preceding fiscal year, the cabinet shall report to the office the
24		names of the approved companies and the amounts of refundable income tax credit
25		claimed.
26		→ Section 16. KRS 141.900 is amended to read as follows:
27	The	definitions in this section are the same as the definitions appearing in KRS 141.010

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prior to its repeal and reenactment in Section 53 of 2018 Ky. Acts chs. 171 and 207. For

- 2 taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2018, as used in this chapter, unless the
- 3 context requires otherwise:
- 4 (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the department;
- 5 (2) "Department" means the Department of Revenue;
- 6 (3) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code in effect on December
- 7 31, 2015, exclusive of any amendments made subsequent to that date, other than
- 8 amendments that extend provisions in effect on December 31, 2015, that would
- 9 otherwise terminate, and as modified by KRS 141.0101;
- 10 (4) "Dependent" means those persons defined as dependents in the Internal Revenue
- 11 Code;
- 12 (5) "Fiduciary" means "fiduciary" as defined in Section 7701(a)(6) of the Internal
- Revenue Code;
- 14 (6) "Fiscal year" means "fiscal year" as defined in Section 7701(a)(24) of the Internal
- Revenue Code;
- 16 (7) "Individual" means a natural person;
- 17 (8) "Modified gross income" means the greater of:
- 18 (a) Adjusted gross income as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code
- of 1986, including any subsequent amendments in effect on December 31 of
- 20 the taxable year, and adjusted as follows:
- 1. Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and
- 22 political subdivisions thereof; and
- 23 2. Include lump-sum pension distributions taxed under the special
- 24 transition rules of Pub. L. No. 104-188, sec. 1401(c)(2); or
- 25 (b) Adjusted gross income as defined in subsection (10) of this section and
- adjusted to include lump-sum pension distributions taxed under the special
- 27 transition rules of Pub. L. No. 104-188, sec. 1401(c)(2);

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1	(9)	"Gro	oss income," in the case of taxpayers other than corporations, means "gross
2		inco	me" as defined in Section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code;
3	(10)	"Ad	justed gross income," in the case of taxpayers other than corporations, means
4		gros	s income as defined in subsection (9) of this section minus the deductions
5		allov	wed individuals by Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and as modified by
6		KRS	S 141.0101 and adjusted as follows, except that deductions shall be limited to
7		amo	unts allocable to income subject to taxation under the provisions of this chapter,
8		and	except that nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the same item to
9		be d	educted more than once:
10		(a)	Exclude income that is exempt from state taxation by the Kentucky
11			Constitution and the Constitution and statutory laws of the United States and
12			Kentucky;
13		(b)	Exclude income from supplemental annuities provided by the Railroad
14			Retirement Act of 1937 as amended and which are subject to federal income
15			tax by Public Law 89-699;
16		(c)	Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political
17			subdivisions thereof;
18		(d)	Exclude employee pension contributions picked up as provided for in KRS
19			6.505, 16.545, 21.360, 61.523, 61.560, 65.155, 67A.320, 67A.510, 78.610,
20			and 161.540 upon a ruling by the Internal Revenue Service or the federal
21			courts that these contributions shall not be included as gross income until such
22			time as the contributions are distributed or made available to the employee;
23		(e)	Exclude Social Security and railroad retirement benefits subject to federal
24			income tax;
25		(f)	Include, for taxable years ending before January 1, 1991, all overpayments of
26			federal income tax refunded or credited for taxable years;

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(g) Deduct, for taxable years ending before January 1, 1991, federal income tax

27

1		paid for taxable years ending before January 1, 1990;
2	(h)	Exclude any money received because of a settlement or judgment in a lawsuit
3		brought against a manufacturer or distributor of "Agent Orange" for damages
4		resulting from exposure to Agent Orange by a member or veteran of the
5		Armed Forces of the United States or any dependent of such person who
6		served in Vietnam;
7	(i)	1. For taxable years ending prior to December 31, 2005, exclude the
8		applicable amount of total distributions from pension plans, annuity
9		contracts, profit-sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee savings
10		plans. The "applicable amount" shall be:
11		a. Twenty-five percent (25%), but not more than six thousand two
12		hundred fifty dollars (\$6,250), for taxable years beginning after
13		December 31, 1994, and before January 1, 1996;
14		b. Fifty percent (50%), but not more than twelve thousand five
15		hundred dollars (\$12,500), for taxable years beginning after
16		December 31, 1995, and before January 1, 1997;
17		c. Seventy-five percent (75%), but not more than eighteen thousand
18		seven hundred fifty dollars (\$18,750), for taxable years beginning
19		after December 31, 1996, and before January 1, 1998; and
20		d. One hundred percent (100%), but not more than thirty-five
21		thousand dollars (\$35,000), for taxable years beginning after
22		December 31, 1997.
23		2. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, exclude up to
24		forty-one thousand one hundred ten dollars (\$41,110) of total
25		distributions from pension plans, annuity contracts, profit-sharing plans,
26		retirement plans, or employee savings plans.

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As used in this paragraph:

27

3.

1			a.	"Distributions" includes but is not limited to any lump-sum
2				distribution from pension or profit-sharing plans qualifying for the
3				income tax averaging provisions of Section 402 of the Internal
4				Revenue Code; any distribution from an individual retirement
5				account as defined in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code;
6				and any disability pension distribution;
7			b.	"Annuity contract" has the same meaning as set forth in Section
8				1035 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
9			c.	"Pension plans, profit-sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee
10				savings plans" means any trust or other entity created or organized
11				under a written retirement plan and forming part of a stock bonus,
12				pension, or profit-sharing plan of a public or private employer for
13				the exclusive benefit of employees or their beneficiaries and
14				includes plans qualified or unqualified under Section 401 of the
15				Internal Revenue Code and individual retirement accounts as
16				defined in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code;
17	(j)	1.	a.	Exclude the portion of the distributive share of a shareholder's net
18				income from an S corporation subject to the franchise tax imposed
19				under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS
20				136.300; and
21			b.	Exclude the portion of the distributive share of a shareholder's net
22				income from an S corporation related to a qualified subchapter S
23				subsidiary subject to the franchise tax imposed under KRS
24				136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS 136.300.
25		2.	The	shareholder's basis of stock held in a S corporation where the S
26			corp	poration or its qualified subchapter S subsidiary is subject to the
27			fran	chise tax imposed under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax

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1		imposed under KRS 136.300 shall be the same as the basis for federal
2		income tax purposes;
3	(k)	Exclude, to the extent not already excluded from gross income, any amounts
4		paid for health insurance, or the value of any voucher or similar instrument
5		used to provide health insurance, which constitutes medical care coverage for
6		the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and dependents, or for any person
7		authorized to be provided excludable coverage by the taxpayer pursuant to the
8		federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-
9		148, or the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L.
10		No. 111-152, during the taxable year. Any amounts paid by the taxpayer for
11		health insurance that are excluded pursuant to this paragraph shall not be
12		allowed as a deduction in computing the taxpayer's net income under
13		subsection (11) of this section;
14	(l)	Exclude income received for services performed as a precinct worker for
15		election training or for working at election booths in state, county, and local
16		primary, regular, or special elections;
17	(m)	Exclude any amount paid during the taxable year for insurance for long-term
18		care as defined in KRS 304.14-600;
19	(n)	Exclude any capital gains income attributable to property taken by eminent
20		domain;
21	(o)	Exclude any amount received by a producer of tobacco or a tobacco quota
22		owner from the multistate settlement with the tobacco industry, known as the
23		Master Settlement Agreement, signed on November 22, 1998;
24	(p)	Exclude any amount received from the secondary settlement fund, referred to
25		as "Phase II," established by tobacco companies to compensate tobacco
26		farmers and quota owners for anticipated financial losses caused by the
27		national tobacco settlement;

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1		(q)	Exclude any amount received from funds of the Commodity Credit
2			Corporation for the Tobacco Loss Assistance Program as a result of a
3			reduction in the quantity of tobacco quota allotted;
4		(r)	Exclude any amount received as a result of a tobacco quota buydown program
5			that all quota owners and growers are eligible to participate in;
6		(s)	Exclude state Phase II payments received by a producer of tobacco or a
7			tobacco quota owner;
8		(t)	Exclude all income from all sources for active duty and reserve members and
9			officers of the Armed Forces of the United States or National Guard who are
10			killed in the line of duty, for the year during which the death occurred and the
11			year prior to the year during which the death occurred. For the purposes of this
12			paragraph, "all income from all sources" shall include all federal and state
13			death benefits payable to the estate or any beneficiaries; and
14		(u)	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, exclude all military
15			pay received by active duty members of the Armed Forces of the United
16			States, members of reserve components of the Armed Forces of the United
17			States, and members of the National Guard, including compensation for state
18			active duty as described in KRS 38.205;
19	(11)	"Net	income," in the case of taxpayers other than corporations, means adjusted
20		gross	s income as defined in subsection (10) of this section, minus:
21		(a)	The deduction allowed by KRS 141.0202 as it existed prior to January 1,
22			2018;
23		(b)	Any amount paid for vouchers or similar instruments that provide health
24			insurance coverage to employees or their families;
25		(c)	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the amount of
26			domestic production activities deduction calculated at six percent (6%) as

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allowed in Section 199(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable years

1		begi	nning	before 2010; and
2	(d)	1.	All	the deductions allowed individuals by Chapter 1 of the Internal
3			Rev	enue Code as modified by KRS 141.0101 except:
4			a.	Any deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code for state or
5				foreign taxes measured by gross or net income, including state and
6				local general sales taxes allowed in lieu of state and local income
7				taxes under the provisions of Section 164(b)(5) of the Internal
8				Revenue Code;
9			b.	Any deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code for amounts
10				allowable under KRS 140.090(1)(h) in calculating the value of the
11				distributive shares of the estate of a decedent, unless there is filed
12				with the income return a statement that such deduction has not
13				been claimed under KRS 140.090(1)(h);
14			c.	The deduction for personal exemptions allowed under Section 151
15				of the Internal Revenue Code and any other deductions in lieu
16				thereof;
17			d.	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the
18				domestic production activities deduction allowed under Section
19				199 of the Internal Revenue Code;
20			e.	Any deduction for amounts paid to any club, organization, or
21				establishment which has been determined by the courts or an
22				agency established by the General Assembly and charged with
23				enforcing the civil rights laws of the Commonwealth, not to afford
24				full and equal membership and full and equal enjoyment of its
25				goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or
26				accommodations to any person because of race, color, religion,
27				national origin, or sex, except nothing shall be construed to deny a

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1		deduction for amounts paid to any religious or denominational
2		club, group, or establishment or any organization operated solely
3		for charitable or educational purposes which restricts membership
4		to persons of the same religion or denomination in order to
5		promote the religious principles for which it is established and
6		maintained;
7	f.	Any deduction directly or indirectly allocable to income which is
8		either exempt from taxation or otherwise not taxed under this
9		chapter;
10	g.	The itemized deduction limitation established in 26 U.S.C. sec. 68
11		shall be determined using the applicable amount from 26 U.S.C.
12		sec. 68 as it existed on December 31, 2006; and
13	h.	A taxpayer may elect to claim the standard deduction allowed by
14		KRS 141.081 instead of itemized deductions allowed pursuant to
15		26 U.S.C. sec. 63 and as modified by this section; and
16	2. Noth	ing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the same item to be
17	dedu	cted more than once;
18	(12) "Gross income,"	' in the case of corporations, means "gross income" as defined in
19	Section 61 of the	ne Internal Revenue Code and as modified by KRS 141.0101 and
20	adjusted as follo	ws:
21	(a) Exclude i	ncome that is exempt from state taxation by the Kentucky
22	Constitution	on and the Constitution and statutory laws of the United States;
23	(b) Exclude al	l dividend income received after December 31, 1969;
24	(c) Include in	terest income derived from obligations of sister states and political
25	subdivisio	ns thereof;
26	(d) Exclude fi	fty percent (50%) of gross income derived from any disposal of coal
27	covered by	y Section 631(c) of the Internal Revenue Code if the corporation

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1	does not claim any deduction for percentage depletion, or for expenditures
2	attributable to the making and administering of the contract under which such
3	disposition occurs or to the preservation of the economic interests retained
4	under such contract;
5	(e)[ Include in the gross income of lessors income tax payments made by lessees
6	to lessors, under the provisions of Section 110 of the Internal Revenue Code,
7	and exclude such payments from the gross income of lessees;
8	(f)] Include the amount calculated under KRS 141.205;
9	(f)[(g)] Ignore the provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code in
10	computing gross income;
11	(g)[(h)] Exclude income from "safe harbor leases" (Section 168(f)(8) of the
12	Internal Revenue Code);
13	(h)[(i)] Exclude any amount received by a producer of tobacco or a tobacco
14	quota owner from the multistate settlement with the tobacco industry, known
15	as the Master Settlement Agreement, signed on November 22, 1998;
16	(i)[(j)] Exclude any amount received from the secondary settlement fund,
17	referred to as "Phase II," established by tobacco companies to compensate
18	tobacco farmers and quota owners for anticipated financial losses caused by
19	the national tobacco settlement;
20	(i)[(k)] Exclude any amount received from funds of the Commodity Credit
21	Corporation for the Tobacco Loss Assistance Program as a result of a
22	reduction in the quantity of tobacco quota allotted;
23	(k)[(1)] Exclude any amount received as a result of a tobacco quota buydown
24	program that all quota owners and growers are eligible to participate in;
25	(I)[(m)] For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before
26	January 1, 2007, exclude the distributive share income or loss received from a
27	corporation defined in subsection (24)(b) of this section whose income has

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1			been subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040. The exclusion provided in			
2	this paragraph shall also apply to a taxable year that begins prior to January 1					
3			2005, if the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 is paid on the distributive share			
4			income by a corporation defined in subparagraphs 2. to 8. of subsection			
5			(24)(b) of this section with a return filed for a period of less than twelve (12)			
6			months that begins on or after January 1, 2005, and ends on or before			
7	December 31, 2005. This paragraph shall not be used to delay payment of the					
8			tax imposed by KRS 141.040; and			
9		<u>(m)</u> [	(n)] Exclude state Phase II payments received by a producer of tobacco or a			
10			tobacco quota owner;			
11	(13)	"Net	income," in the case of corporations, means "gross income" as defined in			
12		subs	ection (12) of this section minus:			
13		(a)	The deduction allowed by KRS 141.0202 as it existed prior to January 1,			
14			2018;			
15		(b)	Any amount paid for vouchers or similar instruments that provide health			
16			insurance coverage to employees or their families;			
17		(c)	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the amount of			
18			domestic production activities deduction calculated at six percent (6%) as			
19			allowed in Section 199(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable years			
20			beginning before 2010; and			
21		(d)	All the deductions from gross income allowed corporations by Chapter 1 of			
22			the Internal Revenue Code and as modified by KRS 141.0101, except:			
23			1. Any deduction for a state tax which is computed, in whole or in part, by			
24			reference to gross or net income and which is paid or accrued to any			
25			state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth			
26			of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, or to any			
27			foreign country or political subdivision thereof;			

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The deductions contained in Sections 243, [244,] 245, and 247 of the 1 2. 2 Internal Revenue Code: 3 3. The provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be 4 ignored in computing net income; 4. Any deduction directly or indirectly allocable to income which is either 5 6 exempt from taxation or otherwise not taxed under the provisions of this 7 chapter, and nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the same item to be deducted more than once; 8 9 Exclude expenses related to "safe harbor leases" (Section 168(f)(8) of 5. the Internal Revenue Code); 10 11 6. Any deduction for amounts paid to any club, organization, or 12 establishment which has been determined by the courts or an agency 13 established by the General Assembly and charged with enforcing the 14 civil rights laws of the Commonwealth, not to afford full and equal 15 membership and full and equal enjoyment of its goods, services, 16 facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations to any person 17 because of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex, except nothing shall be construed to deny a deduction for amounts paid to any religious 18 19 or denominational club, group, or establishment or any organization 20 operated solely for charitable or educational purposes which restricts 21 membership to persons of the same religion or denomination in order to 22 promote the religious principles for which it is established and 23 maintained; 24 7. Any deduction prohibited by KRS 141.205; 25 8. Any dividends-paid deduction of any captive real estate investment trust;

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For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the domestic

26

27

and

9.

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1			production activities deduction allowed under Section 199 of the
2			Internal Revenue Code;
3	(14)	(a) "Ta	exable net income," in the case of corporations that are taxable in this state,
4		mea	ans "net income" as defined in subsection (13) of this section;
5		(b) "Ta	exable net income," in the case of corporations that are taxable in this state
6		and	taxable in another state, means "net income" as defined in subsection (13)
7		of	this section and as allocated and apportioned under KRS 141.901. A
8		cor	poration is taxable in another state if, in any state other than Kentucky, the
9		cor	poration is required to file a return for or pay a net income tax, franchise
10		tax	measured by net income, franchise tax for the privilege of doing business,
11		or c	corporate stock tax;
12		(c) "Ta	exable net income," in the case of homeowners' associations as defined in
13		Sec	ction 528(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, means "taxable income" as
14		def	ined in Section 528(d) of the Internal Revenue Code. Notwithstanding the
15		pro	visions of subsection (3) of this section, the Internal Revenue Code
16		sec	tions referred to in this paragraph shall be those code sections in effect for
17		the	applicable tax year; and
18		(d) "Ta	exable net income," in the case of a corporation that meets the requirements
19		esta	ablished under Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code to be a real estate
20		inv	estment trust, means "real estate investment trust taxable income" as
21		def	ined in Section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that a
22		cap	tive real estate investment trust shall not be allowed any deduction for
23		div	idends paid;
24	(15)	"Person"	means "person" as defined in Section 7701(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue
25		Code;	
26	(16)	"Taxable	year" means the calendar year or fiscal year ending during such calendar
27		year, upo	on the basis of which net income is computed, and in the case of a return

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1		made for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of this chapter or under			
2		regulations prescribed by the commissioner, "taxable year" means the period for			
3		which the return is made;			
4	(17)	"Resident" means an individual domiciled within this state or an individual who is			
5	(17)				
		not domiciled in this state, but maintains a place of abode in this state and spends in			
6		the aggregate more than one hundred eighty-three (183) days of the taxable year in			
7		this state;			
8	(18)	"Nonresident" means any individual not a resident of this state;			
9	(19)	"Employer" means "employer" as defined in Section 3401(d) of the Internal			
10		Revenue Code;			
11	(20)	"Employee" means "employee" as defined in Section 3401(c) of the Internal			
12		Revenue Code;			
13	(21)	"Number of withholding exemptions claimed" means the number of withholding			
14		exemptions claimed in a withholding exemption certificate in effect under KRS			
15		141.325, except that if no such certificate is in effect, the number of withholding			
16		exemptions claimed shall be considered to be zero (0);			
17	(22)	"Wages" means "wages" as defined in Section 3401(a) of the Internal Revenue			
18		Code and includes other income subject to withholding as provided in Section			
19		3401(f) and Section 3402(k), (o), (p), (q), and (s) of the Internal Revenue Code;			
20	(23)	"Payroll period" means "payroll period" as defined in Section 3401(b) of the			
21		Internal Revenue Code;			
22	(24)	(a) For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005, and after December 31,			
23		2006, "corporation" means "corporation" as defined in Section 7701(a)(3) of			
24		the Internal Revenue Code; and			
25		(b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1,			
26		2007, "corporations" means:			

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27

1.

"Corporations" as defined in Section 7701(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue

1		Code;		
2	2.	S corporations as defined in Section 1361(a) of the Internal Revenue		
3		Code;		
4	3.	A foreign limited liability company as defined in KRS 275.015;		
5	4.	A limited liability company as defined in KRS 275.015;		
6	5.	A professional limited liability company as defined in KRS 275.015;		
7	6.	A foreign limited partnership as defined in KRS 362.2-102(9);		
8	7.	A limited partnership as defined in KRS 362.2-102(14);		
9	8.	A limited liability partnership as defined in KRS 362.155(7) or in 362.1-		
10		101(7) or (8);		
11	9.	A real estate investment trust as defined in Section 856 of the Internal		
12		Revenue Code;		
13	10.	A regulated investment company as defined in Section 851 of the		
14		Internal Revenue Code;		
15	11.	A real estate mortgage investment conduit as defined in Section 860D of		
16		the Internal Revenue Code;		
17	12.	A financial asset securitization investment trust as defined in Section		
18		860L of the Internal Revenue Code; and		
19	13.	Other similar entities created with limited liability for their partners,		
20		members, or shareholders.		
21	For 1	purposes of this paragraph, "corporation" shall not include any publicly		
22	trade	traded partnership as defined by Section 7704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code		
23	that	that is treated as a partnership for federal tax purposes under Section 7704(c)		
24	of th	of the Internal Revenue Code or its publicly traded partnership affiliates. As		
25	used	used in this paragraph, "publicly traded partnership affiliates" shall include		
26	any 1	limited liability company or limited partnership for which at least eighty		
27	perce	ent (80%) of the limited liability company member interests or limited		

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1			partner interests are owned directly or indirectly by the publicly traded			
2			partnership;			
3	(25)	"Do	"Doing business in this state" includes but is not limited to:			
4		(a)	(a) Being organized under the laws of this state;			
5		(b)	Having a commercial domicile in this state;			
6		(c)	Owning or leasing property in this state;			
7		(d)	Having one (1) or more individuals performing services in this state;			
8		(e)	Maintaining an interest in a pass-through entity doing business in this state;			
9		(f)	Deriving income from or attributable to sources within this state, including			
10			deriving income directly or indirectly from a trust doing business in this state,			
11			or deriving income directly or indirectly from a single-member limited			
12			liability company that is doing business in this state and is disregarded as an			
13			entity separate from its single member for federal income tax purposes; or			
14		(g)	Directing activities at Kentucky customers for the purpose of selling them			
15			goods or services.			
16		Noth	ning in this subsection shall be interpreted in a manner that goes beyond the			
17		limi	limitations imposed and protections provided by the United States Constitution or			
18		Pub.	Pub. L. No. 86-272;			
19	(26)	"Pas	s-through entity" means any partnership, S corporation, limited liability			
20		com	pany, limited liability partnership, limited partnership, or similar entity			
21		reco	gnized by the laws of this state that is not taxed for federal purposes at the			
22		entit	y level, but instead passes to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner their			
23		prop	portionate share of income, deductions, gains, losses, credits, and any other			
24		similar attributes;				
25	(27)	"S corporation" means "S corporation" as defined in Section 1361(a) of the Internal				
26		Revenue Code;				
27	(28)	"Lin	nited liability pass-through entity" means any pass-through entity that affords			

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I		any	any of its partners, members, shareholders, or owners, through function of the laws			
2		of tl	of this state or laws recognized by this state, protection from general liability for			
3		actio	actions of the entity; and			
4	(29)	"Ca <sub>l</sub>	"Captive real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust as defined			
5		in S	in Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code that meets the following requirements:			
6		(a)	1.	The	shares or other ownership interests of the real estate investment trust	
7				are	not regularly traded on an established securities market; or	
8			2.	The	real estate investment trust does not have enough shareholders or	
9				own	ers to be required to register with the Securities and Exchange	
10				Con	nmission; and	
11		(b)	1.	The	maximum amount of stock or other ownership interest that is owned	
12				or c	onstructively owned by a corporation equals or exceeds:	
13				a.	Twenty-five percent (25%), if the corporation does not occupy	
14					property owned, constructively owned, or controlled by the real	
15					estate investment trust; or	
16				b.	Ten percent (10%), if the corporation occupies property owned,	
17					constructively owned, or controlled by the real estate investment	
18					trust.	
19				The	total ownership interest of a corporation shall be determined by	
20				aggı	regating all interests owned or constructively owned by a	
21				corp	poration;	
22			2.	For	the purposes of this paragraph:	
23				a.	"Corporation" means a corporation taxable under KRS 141.040,	
24					and includes an affiliated group as defined in KRS 141.200, that is	
25					required to file a consolidated return pursuant to the provisions of	
26					KRS 141.200; and	
27				b.	"Owned or constructively owned" means owning shares or having	

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1	an ownership interest in the real estate investment trust, or owning
2	an interest in an entity that owns shares or has an ownership
3	interest in the real estate investment trust. Constructive ownership
4	shall be determined by looking across multiple layers of a
5	multilayer pass-through structure; and
6	(c) The real estate investment trust is not owned by another real estate investment
7	trust.
8	→ Section 17. KRS 141.985 is amended to read as follows:
9	(1) Except for the addition to tax required when an underpayment of estimated tax
10	occurs under KRS 141.044 and 141.305, any tax imposed by this chapter, whether
11	assessed by the department, or the taxpayer, or any installment or portion of the tax
12	is not paid on or before the date prescribed for its payment, there shall be collected,
13	as a part of the tax, interest upon the unpaid amount at the tax interest rate as
14	defined in KRS 131.010(6) from the date prescribed for its payment until payment
15	is actually made to the department.
16	(2) Interest shall be assessed, collected, and paid in the same manner as if it were a
17	deficiency.
18	(3) For purposes of this section, any addition to tax provided in Section 9 of this Act
19	and KRS 141.305 shall be considered a penalty.
20	→ Section 18. The following KRS sections are repealed:
21	132.550 County clerk to compute amount due from each taxpayer Compensation of
22	clerk.
23	132.635 Application of KRS 132.590 and 132.630 to urban-county governments and
24	consolidated local governments.
25	→ Section 19. Section 1 of this Act applies to taxable years beginning on or after
26	January 1, 2019.
27	→ Section 20. Sections 9 to 15 and Sections 17 to 19 of this Act apply

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- 1 retroactively to April 27, 2018.
- Section 21. Section 16 of this Act applies to taxable years beginning on or after
- 3 January 1, 2018.
- ◆ Section 22. Whereas many taxpayers are currently preparing to file returns, and
- 5 clarifications for these taxpayers are needed immediately, an emergency is declared to
- 6 exist, and this Act takes effect upon its passage and approval by the Governor or upon its
- 7 otherwise becoming law.

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